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Emotion Recognition and Understanding for Emotional Human-Robot Interaction Systems



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## **Preface**

As robots enter into every aspect of daily life, people put forward higher requirements on robots, hoping that robots come with abilities to perceive human emotions and intentions. Such robots are called emotional robots. Their emergence will change the traditional human-robot interaction mode and realize the emotional interaction between humans and robots. Emotional robot is to use artificial intelligence methods and technologies to endue robots with human-like emotions, so that they have the ability to recognize, understand, and express joy, sorrow, and anger. The robot revolution has entered the era of "Internet + emotion + intelligence". In the face of the urgent demand for emotional robots in the domestic and foreign markets, it is indispensable to break through the key technologies of human-robot interaction and emotional computing. Therefore, promoting the intelligent robots, make them sense the surrounding environment, to understand human emotion, intention and service demand, adaptively realize human-robot interaction with users, according to the needs of users and the change of environmental information to provide high quality service, has become the trend of the developments of a new generation of intelligent robots. Such development exhibit important research significance and evident application value. Aiming at the development needs of emotional robots and human-robot emotional interaction systems, this book introduces the fundamental concepts, system architecture, and system functions of emotional computing and emotional robot systems. The book focuses on the key technologies and scientific problems involved in the emotional robot system, such as multimode emotion recognition and emotion intention understanding, and presents the design and application examples of human-robot emotional interaction system.

This book is organized into 13 chapters. Chapter 1 introduces the basic knowledge of multimodal emotion recognition, emotional intent understanding, and emotional human-robot interaction system, and explains the complete process of emotional human-robot interaction. In Chap. 2, combined with the characteristics of facial expression, speech, and gesture, the construction method of multimodal emotional feature set is systematically described. In Chap. 3, Softmax regression-based deep sparse autoencoder network is proposed to recognize facial

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emotion. Chapter 4 introduces AdaBoost-KNN using adaptive feature selection with direct optimization is proposed for dynamic emotion recognition. In Chap. 5, the weight-adapted convolution neural network is proposed to extract discriminative expression representations for recognizing facial expression. Chapter 6 presents the two-layer fuzzy multiple random forest for speech emotion recognition. In Chap. 7, the two-stage fuzzy fusion based-convolution neural network is presented for dynamic emotion recognition by using both facial expression and speech modalities. Chapter 8 presents the Dempster-Shafer theory based on multi-SVM to deal with multimodal gesture images for intention understanding. In Chap. 9, the three-layer weighted fuzzy support vector regression model is proposed for understanding human intention, which is based on the emotion-identification information in human-robot interaction. Chapter 10 proposes a two-layer fuzzy support vector regression-Takagi-Sugeno model for emotion understanding. In Chap. 11, an intention understanding model based on two-layer fuzzy support vector regression is proposed in human-robot interaction. Chapter 12 introduces the basic construction method of emotional human-robot interaction systems based on multimodal emotion recognition and emotion intention understanding. In Chap. 13, simulation experiments and application results of our emotional human-robot interaction system are shown.

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Wuhan, China August 2020 Luefeng Chen Min Wu Witold Pedrycz Kaoru Hirota

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