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Experimental IR Meets Multilinguality, Multimodality, and Interaction

12th International Conference of the CLEF Association, CLEF 2021 Virtual Event, September 21–24, 2021 Proceedings



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Preface

Since 2000, the Conference and Labs of the Evaluation Forum (CLEF) has played a leading role in stimulating research and innovation in the domain of multimodal and multilingual information access. Initially founded as the Cross-Language Evaluation Forum and running in conjunction with the European Conference on Digital Libraries (ECDL/TPDL), CLEF became a standalone event in 2010 combining a peer-reviewed conference with a multi-track evaluation forum. The combination of the scientific program and the track-based evaluations at the CLEF conference creates a unique platform to explore information access from different perspectives, in any modality and language.

The CLEF conference has a clear focus on experimental information retrieval (IR) as seen in evaluation forums (like CLEF Labs, TREC, NTCIR, FIRE, MediaEval, RomIP, TAC) with special attention to the challenges of multimodality, multilinguality, and interactive search ranging from unstructured to semi-structured and structured data. The CLEF conference invites submissions on new insights demonstrated by the use of innovative IR evaluation tasks or in the analysis of IR test collections and evaluation measures, as well as on concrete proposals to push the boundaries of the Cranfield/TREC/CLEF paradigm.

CLEF 2021 ¹ was organized by the University "Politehnica" of Bucharest, Romania, during September 21–24, 2021. The continued outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic affected the organization of CLEF 2021. The CLEF steering committee along with the organizers of CLEF 2021, after detailed discussions, decided to run the conference fully virtually. The conference format remained the same as in past years and consisted of keynotes, contributed papers, lab sessions, and poster sessions, including reports from other benchmarking initiatives from around the world. All sessions were organized and run online.

CLEF 2021 continued the initiative introduced in the 2019 edition during which the European Conference for Information Retrieval (ECIR) and CLEF joined forces: ECIR 2021 hosted a special session dedicated to CLEF Labs where lab organizers present the major outcomes of their labs and their plans for ongoing activities, followed by a poster session to favour discussion during the conference. This was reflected in the ECIR 2021 proceedings, where CLEF Lab activities and results were reported as short papers. The goal was not only to engage the ECIR community in CLEF activities but also to disseminate the research results achieved during CLEF evaluation cycles as submission of papers to ECIR.

¹ http://clef2021.clef-initiative.eu/.

Naila Murray (Facebook AI Research) was invited to deliver a keynote talk about video understanding and multi-modal search. Further keynote talks were in the process of being confirmed and were not final at the writing of this editorial.

CLEF 2021 received a total of 21 scientific submissions, of which a total of 11 papers (10 long, one short) were accepted. Each submission was reviewed by three Program Committee members, and the program chairs oversaw the reviewing and follow-up discussions. Twelve countries are represented in the accepted papers, as several of them were a product of international collaboration. This year, researchers addressed the following important challenges in the community: application of neural methods for entity recognition as well as misinformation detection in the health area, skills extraction in job-match databases, stock market prediction using financial news, and extraction of audio features for podcast retrieval. Evaluation remains a strong interest with papers on the evaluation of 1) pseudo-relevance feedback based on web-based data enrichment, 2) evolving datasets using pivot systems, and 3) multitask learning models for relevance assessment. Creating shareable open datasets is also a strong focus this year with datasets or frameworks created for 1) linguistic uncertainty in NLP, 2) an Italian corpus for subjectivity detection in newspapers, and 3) personalized type-based facet ranking tasks.

Like in previous editions since 2015, CLEF 2021 invited CLEF lab organizers to nominate a "best of the labs" paper that was reviewed as a full paper submission to the CLEF 2021 conference according to the same review criteria and PC. Five full papers were accepted for this "best of the labs" section.

The conference integrated a series of workshops presenting the results of lab-based comparative evaluations. CLEF 2021 was the 12th year of the CLEF conference and the 22nd year of the CLEF initiative as a forum for IR evaluation. A total of 15 lab proposals were received and evaluated in peer review based on their innovation potential and the quality of the resources created. The 12 selected labs represented scientific challenges based on new datasets and real world problems in multimodal and multilingual information access. These datasets provide unique opportunities for scientists to explore collections, to develop solutions for these problems, to receive feedback on the performance of their solutions, and to discuss the challenges with peers at the workshops. In addition to these workshops, the labs reported results of their year long activities in overview talks and lab sessions. Overview papers describing each of the labs are provided in this volume. The full details for each lab are contained in a separate publication, the Working Notes².

The 12 labs running as part of CLEF 2021 comprised mainly labs that continued from previous editions at CLEF (ARQMath, BioASQ, CheckThat!, CheMU, CLEF eHealth, eRisk, ImageCLEF, LifeCLEF, Lilas, PAN, and Touché) along with a new pilot/workshop activity (SimpleText). In the following we give a few details for each of the labs organized at CLEF 2021 (ordered alphabetically):

² Faggioli, G., Ferro, N., Joly, A., Maistro, M., and Piroi, F. editors (2021). CLEF 2021 Working Notes. CEUR Workshop Proceedings (CEUR-WS.org), ISSN 1613-0073.

ARQMath: Answer Retrieval for Mathematical Questions³ considers the problem of finding answers to new mathematical questions among posted answers on the community question answering site Math Stack Exchange. The goals of the lab were to develop methods for mathematical information retrieval based on both text and formula analysis. Objectives to reach these goals include creating test collections for training and evaluating Math IR systems, establishing a state-of-the-art set of retrieval solutions on these test collections to be used as future baselines, and promoting Math IR to the research community. Compared to the 2020 ARQMath edition, this year the test collection size has doubled, the same being observed in the number of participants.

BioASQ⁴ challenges researchers with large-scale biomedical semantic indexing and question answering (QA). The challenges include tasks relevant to hierarchical text classification, machine learning, information retrieval, QA from texts and structured data, multi-document summarization, and many other areas. The aim of the BioASQ workshop is to push the research frontier towards systems that use the diverse and voluminous information available online to respond directly to the information needs of biomedical scientists. Four tasks were organized in 2021, two on biomedical semantic indexing, one on QA, and a new task on COVID-19 QA. For the Spanish semantic indexing task, a continuation of a task introduced in previous years, new data was added that contained Spanish clinical trials and Spanish patents. Participant systems generally outperformed strong baselines, with participant solution clearly shifting towards the use of deep neural approaches. As such approaches, however, necessitate large amounts of training data, which were not available for BioASQ tasks, participants were investigating knowledge and model transfer from other resources.

CheckThat!: Detecting Check-Worthy Claims, Previously Fact-Checked Claims, and Fake News⁵ aims to foster the development of technologies capable of both spotting and verifying check-worthy claims in short messages and political debates in various languages. This year there were three main shared tasks where participants were to estimate the check-worthiness of a claim in a short message (tweet) and in political texts (debates/speeches), to check if a detected claim was previously verified, retrieve evidence to fact-check a claim, and verify the factuality of a claim. The data in 2021 included more languages than in the previous year, with some teams addressing the challenges for all languages, while others tackling one language only.

ChEMU: Cheminformatics Elsevier Melbourne University⁶ proposes two key information extraction tasks over chemical reactions from patent texts. The ChEMU corpus builds on the one used in the previous lab edition, being extended to provide data for two distinct 2021 tasks: reference resolution for chemical reactions and anaphora resolution to identify relationships (i.e. coreference and bridging relationships) between expressions in descriptions of chemical reactions. Out of 19 originally registered teams, only two manged to submit experiments. The tasks proved to be complex, the submitted experiments barely over-performing the baseline results.

³ https://www.cs.rit.edu/dprl/AROMath.

⁴ http://www.bioasq.org/workshop2021.

⁵ https://sites.google.com/view/clef2021-checkthat.

⁶ http://chemu2021.eng.unimelb.edu.au/.

CLEF eHealth⁷ aims to support the development of techniques to aid laypeople, clinicians, and policy-makers in easily retrieving and making sense of medical content to support their decision making. The goals of the lab are to develop processing methods and resources in a multilingual setting to enrich difficult-to-understand eHealth texts and provide valuable documentation. Organized since 2012, the CLEF eHealth labs have provided a recurring contribution to the creation and dissemination of text analytics resources, methods, test collection, and evaluation benchmarks that support both medical professionals and laypersons when dealing with health-related information. The 2021 CLEF eHealth edition organized two tasks. The first one was a multilingual Information Extraction task, focusing on Spanish language ultrasound reports. The second task, Consumer Health Search, was a continuation of previous CLEF eHealth IR tasks with a new representative web corpus and layperson medical queries. From the 67 teams that originally registered, 11 of them submitted runs to the two tasks.

eRisk: Early Risk Prediction on the Internet⁸ explores challenges of evaluation methodology, effectiveness metrics, and other processes related to early mental health risk detection. Early detection technologies can be employed in different areas, particularly those related to health and safety. Over the years these evaluations have taken place, it has become evident that the interplay between psychological disorders and the users' expression through language is a very challenging task, with currently available solutions not reaching satisfactory performance levels. The 2021 edition of the lab contained three tasks, two being continuations of tasks organized in the previous years (self-harm and depression severity detection), and a new one on the topic of pathological gambling. The data provided to campaign participants consisted of texts written in social media. From the 76 teams that originally registered to this lab, 18 had submitted experiments, with a total of 117 runs (26 for Task 1, 55 for Task 2, and 36 for Task 3).

ImageCLEF: Multimedia Retrieval provides an evaluation forum for visual media analysis, indexing, classification/learning, and retrieval in medical, nature, security, and lifelogging applications with a focus on multimodal data, that is data from a variety of sources and media. The 2021 ImageCLEF edition consisted of four main tasks dedicated to multimedia retrieval in four areas: medical, nature, identification of hand-drawn components, and social media, with the latter being newly introduced this year. The first task consisted of three subtasks related to radiology images (visual question answering, CT-based tuberculosis evaluation, and captioning concepts across radiology images). The nature-related task contained training and test data to form 3D reconstructions of coral environments. The task on hand-drawn images focused on user interface drawings as well as screenshot images (new this year) which, by segmentation and labeling steps, are to provide additional support for code developers. The social media-related task aimed to assess the vulnerability potential and real-life effects of users sharing personal visual data. 42 participating groups submitted over 250

⁷ https://clefehealth.imag.fr/.

⁸ https://erisk.irlab.org/.

⁹ https://www.imageclef.org/2021.

experiments to these tasks, with results varying in performance improvements over previous task editions.

LifeCLEF: Multimedia Life Species Identification ¹⁰ aims at boosting research on the identification and prediction of living organisms in order to solve the taxonomic gap and improve our knowledge of biodiversity. Through its biodiversity informatics related challenges, LifeCLEF is intended to push the boundaries of the state of the art in several research directions at the frontier of multimedia information retrieval, machine learning, and knowledge engineering. LifeCLEF in 2021 organized four challenges (PlantCLEF, BirdCLEF, GeoLifeCLEF, and SnakeCLEF) involving image data, audio data, and geolocations. In terms of participating teams that submitted runs, the Bird-CLEF task (a bird sound recognition task) stands out with over 800 teams submitting experimental results. The main LifeCLEF outcome is that, taken together, the solutions used by the participants to solve the lab tasks provide a new snapshot of state-of-the-art systems' performances in computer vision, audio analysis techniques, and machine learning algorithms that can be part of a real-world biodiversity monitoring system.

LiLAS: Living Labs for Academic Search¹¹ aims to bring together researchers interested in the online evaluation of academic search systems. The long term goal is to foster knowledge on improving the search for academic resources like literature, research data, and the connections between these resources in fields from the life sciences and the social sciences. The immediate goal of this lab is to develop ideas, best practices, and guidelines for a full online evaluation campaign at CLEF 2021. The first LiLAS iteration as a workshop-lab provided participants exclusive access to real-world academic data search systems, LIVIVO for scientific literature search and GESIS Search for data sets and open access publication search, for each of which a use case was defined. STELLA was introduced as the living lab framework to assess participant submissions which were provided either as static search results sets or as Docker images to be integrated in the live search systems. Nine experimental systems were evaluated with metrics designed for assessing interleaved results, combining results from the participants with baseline results provided by the search systems.

PAN: Digital Text Forensics and Stylometry¹² is a networking initiative for digital text forensics, where researchers and practitioners study technologies that analyze texts with regard to originality, authorship, and trustworthiness. PAN provides evaluation resources consisting of large-scale corpora, performance measures, and web services that allow for meaningful evaluations. The main goal is to provide for sustainable and reproducible evaluations, to get a clear view of the capabilities of state-of-the-art algorithms. This year, PAN organized three shared tasks: detecting authors of hate speech spreaders, authorship verification, and multi-author writing style analysis. Each of the tasks made use of its own specifically designed collection of documents. For the first task, focusing on profiling hate speech spreaders, a data set of social media postings (i.e. Twitter) was created, with manually annotated tweets as hater/not-hater labels. For the second task, authorship verification, the lab organizers

https://www.imageclef.org/LifeCLEF2021.

¹¹ https://clef-lilas.github.io/.

¹² http://pan.webis.de/.

aimed for a scaled up benchmark setting using fan-fiction literature. Finally, the multi-author style analysis task, a task that evolved over the years PAN was organized as a lab, used a collection of Q&A postings from StackExchange where paragraphs from different answers were joined into one text, thus creating a document with mutiple authors.

SimpleText: (Re)Telling Scientific Stories to Non-specialists via Text Simplification ¹³ aims to create a community interested in generating a simplified summary of scientific documents and to contribute in making the science really open and accessible for everyone. The goal is to generate a simplified abstract of multiple scientific documents based on a given query. SimpleText was organized as a workshop which discussed three pilot tasks on text simplification for scientific information access, all contributing steps towards arriving at a simplified text summary of an input scientific text. The first pilot task addressed the passage selection challenge, i.e. which parts of a document are appropriate for inclusion into a simplified summary. The second pilot task aimed to decide which terms in a selected passage require a simplifying explanation and contextualisation. Finally, the last pilot task discussed aimed to obtain simplified text passages derived from input scientific text passages. The document collection used for these tasks was compiled from preprint and open access repositories, Wikipedia, and science journalism article resources.

Touché: Argument Retrieval¹⁴ is the first shared task on the topic of argument retrieval. Decision making processes, be it at the societal or at the personal level, eventually come to a point where one side will challenge the other with a "why" question, which is a prompt to justify one's stance. Thus, technologies for argument mining and argumentation processing are maturing at a rapid pace, giving rise for the first time to argument retrieval. In its second year, Touché has organized two shared tasks: an argument retrieval for controversial questions task and an argument retrieval for comparative questions task. The two tasks used different document collections: for the first task the args.me corpus was provided, while for the second one argument retrieval was performed on the ClueWeb12 collection. Out of 36 registered teams, 27 sent in their retrieval experiments, where relevance judgements from the 2020 lab edition could be used for training.

As a group, the 152 lab organizers were based in 22 countries, with Germany, and France leading the distribution. Despite CLEF's traditionally Europe-based audience, 44 (28.9%) organizers were affiliated with international institutions outside of Europe. The gender distribution was biased towards 75% male organizers.

The success of CLEF 2021 would not have been possible without the huge effort of several people and organizations, including the CLEF Association¹⁵, the Program

¹³ https://www.irit.fr/simpleText/.

¹⁴ https://touche.webis.de/.

¹⁵ http://www.clef-initiative.eu/association.

Committee, the Lab Organizing Committee, the reviewers, and the many students and volunteers who contributed.

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July 2021

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