T-Labs Series in Telecommunication Services

Series Editors

Sebastian Möller, Quality and Usability Lab, Technische Universität Berlin, Berlin, Germany

Axel Küpper, Telekom Innovation Laboratories, Technische Universität Berlin, Berlin, Germany

Alexander Raake, Audiovisual Technology Group, Technische Universität Ilmenau, Ilmenau, Germany

It is the aim of the Springer Series in Telecommunication Services to foster an interdisciplinary exchange of knowledge addressing all topics which are essential for developing high-quality and highly usable telecommunication services. This includes basic concepts of underlying technologies, distribution networks, architectures and platforms for service design, deployment and adaptation, as well as the users' perception of telecommunication services. By taking a vertical perspective over all these steps, we aim to provide the scientific bases for the development and continuous evaluation of innovative services which provide a better value for their users. In fact, the human-centric design of high-quality telecommunication services – the so called "quality engineering" – forms an essential topic of this series, as it will ultimately lead to better user experience and acceptance. The series is directed towards both scientists and practitioners from all related disciplines and industries.

** Indexing: books in this series are indexing in Scopus **

Saman Zadtootaghaj

Quality of Experience Modeling for Cloud Gaming Services



Saman Zadtootaghaj Technische Universität Berlin Berlin, Germany

ISSN 2192-2810 ISSN 2192-2829 (electronic)
T-Labs Series in Telecommunication Services
ISBN 978-3-030-98248-5 ISBN 978-3-030-98249-2 (eBook)
https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-98249-2

© The Editor(s) (if applicable) and The Author(s), under exclusive license to Springer Nature Switzerland AG 2022

This work is subject to copyright. All rights are solely and exclusively licensed by the Publisher, whether the whole or part of the material is concerned, specifically the rights of translation, reprinting, reuse of illustrations, recitation, broadcasting, reproduction on microfilms or in any other physical way, and transmission or information storage and retrieval, electronic adaptation, computer software, or by similar or dissimilar methodology now known or hereafter developed.

The use of general descriptive names, registered names, trademarks, service marks, etc. in this publication does not imply, even in the absence of a specific statement, that such names are exempt from the relevant protective laws and regulations and therefore free for general use.

The publisher, the authors and the editors are safe to assume that the advice and information in this book are believed to be true and accurate at the date of publication. Neither the publisher nor the authors or the editors give a warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to the material contained herein or for any errors or omissions that may have been made. The publisher remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.

This Springer imprint is published by the registered company Springer Nature Switzerland AG The registered company address is: Gewerbestrasse 11, 6330 Cham, Switzerland

This book is dedicated to my parents, and my wife, Nasim. I would not be here without the support, encouragement, and love from you. Thank you for everything!

Preface

The *gaming* industry has been one of the largest in the entertainment markets for the past several decades and is steadily growing with the introduction of emerging technologies such as hardware video encoding and the new generation of broadband cellular networks 5G. With these advancements, a new gaming paradigm called *cloud gaming* has emerged that makes gaming possible at any time, on any device, and at any place. Cloud gaming shifts the heavy computational tasks such as rendering to the cloud resources and streams a compressed video of players' gameplay back to the client in real time. Similar to other telecommunication services, cloud gaming is prone to network and compression degradations such as blockiness, blurring, and network latency. These degradations could negatively affect the quality of experience (QoE) of users. Therefore, it is of high interest for service and network providers to measure and monitor the QoE of cloud gaming services to potentially improve the satisfaction of their customers.

The present book aims at the development of a gaming quality model to predict the gaming QoE of players that could be used for planning the network service or quality monitoring of cloud gaming services. The model is developed following a modular structure approach that keeps the different types of impairment separately. Such a modular structure allows developing a sustainable model as each component can be updated by advances in that specific research area or technology. The book describes the steps toward planning and conducting subjective tests for game streaming services, analyzing the subjective data, and the process of modeling quality judgment ratings of users with different types of approaches.

This book is written for students, researchers, and engineers involved in the QoE assessment of video game streaming services. In addition, it might be useful for a person who is working on network planning and operation.

This book is the result of studies conducted during my PhD research, which was conducted in the Quality and Usability Lab at TU Berlin and Telekom Innovation Laboratories at Deutsche Telekom (known as T-Labs) between 2016 and 2021. The scope of this book was influenced by the ITU-T standard activities at Study Group 12, particularly the G.OMG work item ("Opinion model predicting gaming

viii Preface

quality of experience for cloud gaming services"), which resulted in an ITU-T recommendation G.1072, that author contributed between 2016 to 2020.

Berlin, Germany January 2022 Saman Zadtootaghaj

Acknowledgments

Throughout the writing of this book, I have received a great deal of support and assistance. I would first like to thank Professor Dr.-Ing. Sebastian Möller, whose expertise was invaluable in formulating the research questions and methodology.

I would particularly like to thank two of my greatest and discerning colleagues Steven Schmidt and Nabajeet Barman, with whom I had numerous discussions on the various topics and projects. Thank you both for your countless support and for not only being a great colleague in every step of my PhD research but also being a caring friend. I am forever indebted to you for your help and guidance during the past 6 years. I want to give special thanks to Babak Naderi and Saeed Shafiee Sabet for walking me through the crowdsourcing and online gaming topics.

I would like to acknowledge my colleagues from the Quality and Usability Lab for their wonderful collaboration. I always cherish the memories shared with my colleagues Jan-Niklas Voigt-Antons, Stefan Uhrig, Rafael Zequeira, Gabriel Mittag, Tanja Kojic, Salar Mohtaj, Falk Schiffner, Maija Poikela, Patrick Ehrenbrink, Thilo Michael, Andres Pinilla Palacios, and Vera Schmitt. Many thanks go to Irene Hube-Achter and Yasmin Hillebrenner for their administrative and technical support during my years at QU Lab.

My PhD journey started with the European project QoE-Net, where I collaborated with a great team of PhD students and advisers from different institutes. Among them, I would like to give a special thank you to my manager at Deutsche Telekom, Bernhard Feiten, for his kindness and endless support during all these years. I also would like to thank all mentors of the QoE-Net project, including Prof. Maria Martini, Prof. Touradj Ebrahimi, Prof. Andrew Perkis, Prof. Alexander Raake, and Prof. Lingfen Sun, as well as all researchers that I collaborated with, Werner Robitza, Alcardo Alex Barakabitze, Subbareddy Darukumalli, Arslan Ahmad, Avsar Asan, and Elisavet Grigoriou. Special thanks to Anne-Flore Perrin and Prof. Ebrahimi for their great advice and collaboration during my visit to EPFL.

My collaboration with the Audiovisual Technology Group at TU Ilmenau was always the best of its kind. I would like to thank Prof. Alexander Raake and his team, particularly my great friends Rakesh Rao Ramachandra Rao, Steve Göring, and Stephan Fremerey, for collaborating and advising me in the video quality domain.

x Acknowledgments

Many thanks to Rakesh for proofreading this book and for all advice over the past few years.

I would also like to especially thank my thesis examiner, Dr. Maria Martini, for her valuable guidance throughout my studies and for reviewing most of my publications and this book.

Ultimately, my biggest thanks are directed to my family, who supported me throughout my entire life and encouraged me in every step of my life, in particular, I must acknowledge my wife and best friend, Nasim Jamshidi. Without your endless love and encouragement, I would never have been able to complete my graduate studies. I love you, and I appreciate everything that you have done for me!

I wish to express my dearest gratitude to my parents, Soraya and Ebrahim, for their endless love and continuous support throughout my entire life. I would also like to thank my sister and brother, Diman and Siamand; you have always inspired me to do my best and have supported me in every decision I have made.

Contents

1	Intr	oduction	1
	1.1	Motivation	1
	1.2	Scope of the Book	3
	1.3	Structure of the Book	4
2	Gan	ning Quality of Experience	7
	2.1	Cloud Gaming System	7
	2.2	Concept of Quality	8
		2.2.1 KPIs, QoS, and QoE	9
	2.3	Taxonomy of Gaming Quality Aspects	11
	2.4	8	14
		2.4.1 Human Factors	14
		2.4.2 Context Factors	15
		2.4.3 System Factors	16
	2.5	Subjective Assessment	20
		2.5.1 Experimental Setup	21
		8	22
			23
		2.5.4 Interactive vs Passive Paradigm	23
		8 (25
	2.6		28
	2.7	Gaming Video Quality Model	31
			31
		2.7.2 Comparative Quality Assessment of Gaming and	
		ϵ	35
		2.7.3 Performance of Standard Image/Video Quality Models 3	37
	2.8	Summary	39
3	Pro		41
	3.1	Structure of the Framework	41
	3.2	Model Development	43
	3.3	Model Training	44

xii Contents

	3.4	Database Overview	45
		3.4.1 GVSET	46
		3.4.2 KUGVD	46
		3.4.3 CGVDS	48
		3.4.4 GISET	49
		3.4.5 Interactive Dataset	51
	3.5	Data Post-Processing.	56
	3.6	Gaming Classification	57
		3.6.1 Gaming Video Complexity Classifications	57
		3.6.2 Gaming Delay and Frameloss Sensitivity Classifications	61
	3.7	Summary	64
4	Vide	eo Coding Impairment Models	65
	4.1	Planning Models	65
		4.1.1 ITU-T Rec G.1071 and G.1072	67
		4.1.2 GamingPara	68
	4.2	Bitstream-Based Models	71
		4.2.1 ITU-T P.1203	71
		4.2.2 ITU-T P.1204.3	72
		4.2.3 Bitstream-Based Quality Prediction of Gaming	
		Video (BQGV)	74
	4.3	Signal-Based Models	77
		4.3.1 NR-GVQM	77
		4.3.2 NDNetGaming	81
		4.3.3 DEMI.	88
		4.3.4 Model Training	92
	4.4	Summary	93
5	Into	gration of Impairment Factors to Gaming QoE	95
3	5.1	Input Quality	95 95
	5.1	5.1.1 Effect of Transmission Error Impairment on Input Quality	93 97
			98
	<i>5</i> 2		
	5.2	Effect of Video Transmission Error Impairment on Video Quality	99
	5.3	Core Gaming QoE Model	101
	5.4	ITU-T Rec. G.1072	102
	5.5	Summary	104
6	Perf	ormance Evaluation	107
	6.1	Evaluation of Video Coding Impairment	107
		6.1.1 Planning Models	108
		6.1.2 Bitstream-Based Models	110
		6.1.3 Signal-Based Models	113
		6.1.4 Performance of Existing NR Gaming Video Quality	
		Models	122
		6.1.5 Performance on Non-Gaming Video Datasets	123

Contents xiii

	6.2	Performance of Gaming QoE Model	124
		6.2.1 Input Quality and Video Discontinuity	124
		6.2.2 Core Model	126
	6.3	ITU-T Rec. G.1072	128
	6.4	Summary	129
7	Futi	ıre Challenges: Enhancement Techniques	133
	7.1	Super-Resolution Models	133
		7.1.1 Super-Resolution Quality Assessment	134
		7.1.2 Dataset for Training	134
		7.1.3 Model Development	135
		7.1.4 Objective and Subjective Measurement	135
	7.2	LCEVC	137
		7.2.1 Subjective Test Design	138
		7.2.2 Results	139
	7.3	Summary	139
8	Con	clusion and Outlook	141
	8.1	Summary	141
	8.2	Contributions of Book	144
	8.3	Limitation	145
	8.4	Model Extensions	148
A	Add	litional Material Related to Subjective Experiments	151
Re	feren	ices	157
In	dex		165

Acronyms

AC Service Acceptance

ACM Amount of Camera Movement
ACR Absolute Category Rating
ACR-HR ACR with Hidden Reference

AQ Audio Quality
B-frames Bidirectional-Frames

BIQI Blind Image Quality Index
BM Block Motion estimation

BRISQUE Blind/Referenceless Image Spatial Quality Evaluator

CBR Constant Bitrate

CGVDS Cloud Gaming Video Quality DataSet

CH Challenge CN Controllability

CNN Convolutional Neural Network

CO Competency

CQP Constant Quantization Parameter

CRF Constant Rate Factor

CSGO Counter-Strike: Global Offensive

DBSQE-V Dimension-Based Subjective Quality Evaluation Method

DMOS Differential MOS

DSR Dynamic Super Resolution
DoF Degrees of Freedom

ECscale Extended Continuous scale
EC-ACR Extended Continuous ACR
EEG Electroencephalography

EWMA Exponentially Weighted Moving Average

FHD Full High Definition

FL Flow

FR Full-Reference

GAN Generative Adversarial Network GEQ Game Experience Questionnaire xvi Acronyms

GIPS Gaming Input Quality Scale

GoP Group of Picture
GVSET Gaming Video Dataset

HEVC H.265/High Efficiency Video Coding

HUD Heads-Up Display
HVS Human Visual System
IF Impairment Factor

iGEQ in-game Game Experience Questionnaire

IM Immersion

IP Internet Protocol

ISO International Organization for Standardization

ISPs Internet Service Providers International Telecommunication Union

ITU Telecommunication Standardization Sector

KPIs Kev Performance Indicators

KUGVD Kingston University Gaming Video Dataset

llhq low latency high quality MDS Multidimensional Scaling

MGUE Mobile Gaming User Experience MLR Multiple Linear Regression

MOS Mean Opinion Score NA Negative Affect

NCA Neighborhood Components Analysis

NFLX-PD Netflix Public Dataset Subjective Video QoE Database

NFLX-SVQD LIVE-NFLX-II

NIMA Neural Image Assessment

NIQE Natural Image Quality Evaluator

NR No-Reference

NSS Natural Scene Statistics NVEnc NVIDIA Encoder PA Positive Affect

PReLU Parametric Rectified Linear Unit

PC Personal Computer

PCA Principal Component Analysis
PLC Packet Loss Concealment
PR Playing Performance

PLCC Pearson Linear Correlation Coefficient

PSNR Peak Signal to Noise Ratio

PX Player Experience
QoE Quality of Experience
QoS Quality of Service
QP Quantization Parameters
RBF Radial Basis Function

RD Rate-Distortion RE Responsiveness Rec. Recommendation Acronyms xvii

RF Random Forest

RFE Recursive Feature Elimination

RR Reduced-Reference

RTP Real-time Transport Protocol RTSP Real Time Streaming Protocol

SA Static Areas

SGD Stochastic Gradient Descent SI Spatial Information index SLA Service Level Agreement

SoA State of the Art SR Super-Resolution

SRCC Spearman's Rank Correlation Coefficient

SS Single Stimulus
SSIM Structural Similarity
SVR Support Vector Regression
TC Temporal Complexity

TE Tension

TI Temporal Information index

UDP Datagram Protocol

UHD 4K/Ultra-High Definition-1

VBR Variable Bitrate
VD Video Discontinuity
VF Video Fragmentation

VIFP Visual Information Fidelity-Pixel Domain

VL Suboptimal Video Luminosity

VMAF Video Multimethod Assessment Fusion

VP9 Video Payload type 9

VQ Video Quality

VQEG Video Quality Expert Group

VR Virtual Reality
VU Video Unclearness

WebRTC Web Real Time Communication