SpringerBriefs in Computer Science

Series Editors

Stan Zdonik, Brown University, Providence, Rhode Island, USA
Shashi Shekhar, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minnesota, USA
Jonathan Katz, University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland, USA
Xindong Wu, University of Vermont, Burlington, Vermont, USA
Lakhmi C. Jain, University of South Australia, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia
David Padua, University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign, Urbana, Illinois, USA
Xuemin (Sherman) Shen, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Ontario, Canada
Borko Furht, Florida Atlantic University, Boca Raton, Florida, USA
V.S. Subrahmanian, University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland, USA
Martial Hebert, Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, USA
Katsushi Ikeuchi, University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan
Bruno Siciliano, Università di Napoli Federico II, Napoli, Napoli, Italy
Sushil Jajodia, George Mason University, Fairfax, Virginia, USA
Newton Lee, Newton Lee Laboratories, LLC, Tujunga, California, USA

More information about this series at http://www.springer.com/series/10028

Juris Klonovs • Mohammad A. Haque Volker Krueger • Kamal Nasrollahi Karen Andersen-Ranberg • Thomas B. Moeslund Erika G. Spaich

Distributed Computing and Monitoring Technologies for Older Patients



Juris Klonovs M-Tech Aalborg University Copenhagen, Denmark

Volker Krueger Aalborg University Copenhagen, Denmark

Karen Andersen-Ranberg Danish Aging Research Center University of Southern Denmark Odense, Denmark

Erika G. Spaich Department of Health Science and Technology Aalborg University Aalborg, Denmark Mohammad A. Haque Architecture, Design, & Media Technology Aalborg University Aalborg, Denmark

Kamal Nasrollahi Architecture, Design & Media Technology Aalborg University Aalborg, Denmark

Thomas B. Moeslund Visual Analysis of People Lab Aalborg University Aalborg, Denmark

ISSN 2191-5768 ISSN 2191-5776 (electronic)
SpringerBriefs in Computer Science
ISBN 978-3-319-27023-4 ISBN 978-3-319-27024-1 (eBook)
DOI 10.1007/978-3-319-27024-1

Library of Congress Control Number: 2015960745

Springer Cham Heidelberg New York Dordrecht London © The Author(s) 2016

This work is subject to copyright. All rights are reserved by the Publisher, whether the whole or part of the material is concerned, specifically the rights of translation, reprinting, reuse of illustrations, recitation, broadcasting, reproduction on microfilms or in any other physical way, and transmission or information storage and retrieval, electronic adaptation, computer software, or by similar or dissimilar methodology now known or hereafter developed.

The use of general descriptive names, registered names, trademarks, service marks, etc. in this publication does not imply, even in the absence of a specific statement, that such names are exempt from the relevant protective laws and regulations and therefore free for general use.

The publisher, the authors and the editors are safe to assume that the advice and information in this book are believed to be true and accurate at the date of publication. Neither the publisher nor the authors or the editors give a warranty, express or implied, with respect to the material contained herein or for any errors or omissions that may have been made.

Printed on acid-free paper

Springer International Publishing AG Switzerland is part of Springer Science+Business Media (www.springer.com)

Preface

In this book, we summarize recently deployed monitoring approaches with a focus on automatically detecting health threats for older patients living alone at home. First, in order to give an overview of the problems at hand, we briefly describe older adults who would mostly benefit from healthcare supervision and explain their potential health threats and dangerous situations, which need to be detected timely. Second, we summarize possible scenarios for monitoring an older patient at home and derive common functional requirements for monitoring technology. Third, we identify the realistic state-of-the-art technological monitoring approaches, which are practically applicable to older adults, in general, and to geriatric patients, in particular. In order to uncover the majority of applicable solutions, we survey the interdisciplinary fields of smart homes, telemonitoring, ambient intelligence, ambient assisted living, gerotechnology, and aging-in-place technology among others. Consequently, we discuss the related experimental studies and how they collect and analyze the measured data, focusing on the application of sensor fusion, signal processing, and machine learning techniques whenever possible, which are shown to be useful for improving the detection and identification of situations that can threaten older adults' health. Finally, we discuss future challenges and offer a number of suggestions for further research directions. We conclude the book by highlighting the open issues within automatic healthcare technologies and link them to potential solutions.

vi Preface

Keywords: eHealth, Telemonitoring, Home care, Smart homes, Ambient intelligence (AmI), Ambient assisted living (AAL), Machine learning, Sensors, Geriatric conditions

Copenhagen, Denmark Aalborg, Denmark Copenhagen, Denmark Aalborg, Denmark Odense, Denmark Aalborg, Denmark Aalborg, Denmark Juris Klonovs Mohammad A. Haque Volker Krueger Kamal Nasrollahi Karen Andersen-Ranberg Thomas B. Moeslund Erika G. Spaich

Acknowledgments

The writing of this book was supported by the Innovation Fund Denmark and Growth Forum in the Region of Southern Denmark through the project Patient@home.

Contents

1	Intr	oducti	on	1		
	1.1	1.1 Definition of Terms and Relevance to This Book				
	1.2	1.2 Content and Audience of This Book				
	1.3	verview of the Relevant Smart-Home Projects	9			
	Refe	erences	-	13		
2	Rev	iews ar	nd Taxonomies	23		
	2.1	Previo	ous Reviews	24		
	Refe	erences		33		
3	Rele	evant S	cenarios for Home Monitoring Solutions			
	for Older Adults					
	3.1		ny, Vulnerable, and Acutely Ill Older Adults	35 36		
3.2 Relevant Geriatric Conditions and Threats						
of Deteriorating Health and Functional Losses						
		3.2.1	Falls and Injuries	38		
		3.2.2	Delirium	39		
		3.2.3	Wandering and Leaving Home	40		
		3.2.4	Malnutrition	40		
		3.2.5	Sleeping Disorders	41		
		3.2.6	Shortness of Breath	41		
		3.2.7	Hygiene and Infections	42		
		3.2.8	Problems Related to Physical Environment	42		
		3.2.9	Underlying Medical Conditions and Multimorbidity	43		
	3.3	Summ	nary of the Needs	43		
	Dof	ranga		1/1		

x Contents

4	Moi	Monitoring Technology				
	4.1		ng and Data Acquisition	50		
			Types of Sensors and Data Capturing Devices	50		
			Sensor Location and Placement	55		
		4.1.3	Summary of Parameters	57		
	4.2	Data I	Processing and Analysis	59		
		4.2.1		59		
		4.2.2	Requirements and Challenges			
			of Machine Learning Strategies	62		
	4.3	Standa	ards	65		
	Refe	erences		67		
5	Dat	asets		85		
	Refe	erences		92		
6	Disc	cussion		95		
	6.1		e Challenges	95		
		6.1.1	Defining Taxonomy	95		
		6.1.2	Lack of Publicly Available Datasets	96		
		6.1.3	Inefficiency of Health-Threat Detection Technologies	96		
		6.1.4	Sampling Limitations and Time Delays in Monitoring	96		
		6.1.5	Accuracy in Measuring Physiological Parameters	97		
		6.1.6	User-Centered Design Barriers for Older Adults	98		
		6.1.7	User Acceptability in Monitoring	98		
	6.2	Future	e Research Directions	98		
	Refe	erences		99		
7	Con	clusion	1	101		

Abbreviations

AAL Ambient Assisted Living
ADLs Activities of Daily Living
AI Artificial Intelligence

ALT Assisted Living Technology AmI Ambient Intelligence ANN Artificial Neural Network

ARBF Augmented Radial Basis Function

AT Assistive Technology BP Blood Pressure

CAM Confusion Assessment Method

CEN European Committee for Standardization CGA Comprehensive Geriatric Assessment

CHD Coronary Heart Disease

COPD Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Diseases

CRF Conditional Random Field

DBN Dynamic Bayesian Network or Deep Belief Network (Depending

on Context)

DS Danish Standard
DTs Decision Trees
ECG Electrocardiography
EEG Electroencephalography
EHR Electronic Health Records

EMG Electromyography
EN European Norms
EU European Union

FP7 Seventh Framework Programme

FVC Forced Vital Capacity
GMM Gaussian Mixture Models

GPs Gaussian Processes

xii Abbreviations

GPS Global Positioning System

GSM Global System for Mobile Communications

GSR Galvanic Skin Response

HH Hospital at Home

HMMs Hidden Markov Models

HR Heart Rate

HRV Heart Rate Variability

IADL Instrumental Activity of Daily Living

ICT Information and Communication Technologies IEC International Electrotechnical Commission

IP Internet Protocol or Impedance Pneumography (Depending

on Context)

IR Infrared

IRDA Infrared Data Association

ISDN Integrated Services for Digital Network

ISO International Organization for Standardization

IT Information Technology

kNN k-Nearest Neighbor (Classifier)

MEDDEV Medical Devices

NBC Naïve Bayesian Classifier NBN Naïve Bayesian Network NIRS Near-Infrared Sensors

PDMS Patient Data Management System

PEF Peak Expiratory Flow PIF Peak Inspiratory Flow PIR Passive Infrared (Sensor)

PSTN Public Switched Telephone Network

PTZ Pan-Tilt-Zoom (Camera)

QoL Quality of Life QoS Quality of Service RF Radio-Frequency

RFID Radio-Frequency Identification

RGB Red-Green-Blue

RGB-D Red-Green-Blue Depth

SH Smart Home

SVM Support Vector Machine TRF Test Report Forms UTI Urinary Tract Infection

WBASN Wireless Body Area Sensor Network

WHO World Health Organization
WLAN Wireless Local Area Network
WSN Wireless Sensor Network