

Texts and Monographs in Symbolic Computation

A Series of the Research Institute for Symbolic Computation, Johannes-Kepler-University, Linz, Austria

> Edited by B. Buchberger and G. E. Collins

## A. Ben-Israel R. Gilbert

### Computer-Supported Calculus

Springer-Verlag Wien GmbH

#### Dr. Adi Ben-Israel

Rutgers Center for Operations Research and Department of Mathematics Rutgers University, New Brunswick, New Jersey, U.S.A.

#### Dr. Robert Gilbert

Department of Mathematical Science and Computer and Informational Sciences University of Delaware, Newark, Delaware, U.S.A.

This work is subject to copyright.

All rights are reserved, whether the whole or part of the material is concerned, specifically those of translation, reprinting, re-use of illustrations, broadcasting, reproduction by photocopying machines or similar means, and storage in data banks.

Product Liability: The publisher can give no guarantee for all the information contained in this book. This does also refer to information about drug dosage and application thereof. In every individual case the respective user must check its accuracy by consulting other pharmaceutical literature.

The use of registered names, trademarks, etc., in this publication does not imply, even in the absence of a specific statement, that such names are exempt from the relevant protective laws and regulations and therefore free for general use.

© 2002 Springer-Verlag Wien

Originally published by Springer-Verlag Wien New York in 2002 Softcover reprint of the hardcover 1st edition 2002

Data conversion by HD Ecker: TeXtservices, Bonn Printed on acid-free and chlorine-free bleached paper

With 191 Figures

#### Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Ben-Israel, Adi.
Computer-supported calculus / A. Ben-Israel, R. Gilbert
p. cm. — (Texts and monographs in symbolic computation, ISSN 0943-853X)
Includes index.
ISBN 978-3-7091-7230-8 ISBN 978-3-7091-6146-3 (eBook)
DOI 10.1007/978-3-7091-6146-3
1. Calculus—Data processing. 2. MACSYMA. I. Gilbert, Robert P., 1932– II. Title.
III. Series.
QA303.5.D37B46 2001
515'.0285—dc21 2001049370

ISSN 0943-853X ISBN 978-3-7091-7230-8

## Preface

This is a new type of calculus book: Students who master this text will be well versed in calculus and, in addition, possess a useful working knowledge of one of the most important mathematical software systems, namely, MACSYMA. This will equip them with the mathematical competence they need for science and engineering and the competitive workplace. The choice of MACSYMA is not essential for the didactic goal of the book. In fact, any of the other major mathematical software systems, e.g., AXIOM, MATHEMATICA, MAPLE, DERIVE, or REDUCE, could have been taken for the examples and for acquiring the skill in using these systems for doing mathematics on computers. The symbolic and numerical calculations described in this book will be easily performed in any of these systems by slight modification of the syntax as soon as the student understands and masters the MACSYMA examples in this book. What is important, however, is that the student gets all the information necessary to design and execute the calculations in at least one concrete implementation language as this is done in this book and also that the use of the mathematical software system is completely integrated with the text.

In these times of globalization, firms which are unable to hire adequately trained technology experts will not prosper. For corporations which depend heavily on science and engineering, remaining competitive in the global economy will require hiring employees having had a traditionally rigorous mathematical education. Educators do students an injustice when they offer oversimplified material under the deceptive guise of calculus reform. We direct this book to those teachers and students who share our commitment to excellence in mathematical preparation.

The instructor who uses this book should schedule student work on the computer at least one day per week. Lectures should include either live demonstrations (using the MACSYMA code given in this book or equivalent code in any other mathematical software system) or interactive sessions, with both input and output lines projected on a screen for student viewing.

When we were teaching with this text, we have typically combined three lectures with one laboratory session and ensured students access to the computer laboratory for special projects.

By selecting the appropriate sections of the book, the text can be used for a broad spectrum of course schedules in the various curricula of mathematics, computer science, engineering, business, health sciences, etc.

# Contents

Advice to the student on using this book xi

#### Functions, limits, and continuity 1

- 1 Functions 2
- 1.1 Introduction 2
- 1.2 Functions and their graphs 8
- 1.3 Polynomials 19
- 1.4 Rational functions 31
- 1.5 Inverse functions 35
- 2 Elementary functions used in calculus 43
- 2.1 Exponential and logarithmic functions 43
- 2.2 Trigonometric functions 47
- 2.3 Inverse trigonometric functions 53
- 2.4 Hyperbolic functions 57
- 2.5 Inverse hyperbolic functions 59
  - 3 Limits and continuity 63
- 3.1 Limits 67
- 3.2 One-sided limits 77
- 3.3 Infinite limits 81
- 3.4 Continuous functions 85
- 3.5 Continuous functions on closed intervals 95
- 3.6 Proofs 102

#### **Derivatives** 105

- 4 Differentiation 106
- 4.1 Tangency 106
- 4.2 Differentiability 112
- 4.3 Derivative function 120
- 4.4 Special derivatives 126
- 4.5 Rectilinear motion and velocity 133
- 4.6 Approximations 138
- 4.7 Higher derivatives 141
- 4.8 Acceleration 143

- 5 Differentiation rules 148
- 5.1 Product and quotient rules 148
- 5.2 Chain rule and implicit differentiation 155
- 5.3 Rates of change 165
- 5.4 Derivatives of inverse functions 169
- 6 Extremum problems 179
- 6.1 Terminology 180
- 6.2 Necessary condition for a local extremum 182
- 6.3 First-derivative test 193
- 6.4 Second-derivative test 198
- 6.5 Optimal inventory 203
- 6.6 Convexity 206
- 6.7 Analysis of graphs 217
- 6.8 Proofs 222
- 7 Mean value theorem 224
- 7.1 Mean value theorem 225
- 7.2 Rule of l'Hospital 232
- 7.3 Taylor theorem 243
- 7.4 Antiderivatives 247
- 7.5 Iterative methods 251
- 7.6 Newton method 258
- 7.7 Fixed points 268
- 7.8 Proofs 272

#### Integrals 279

- 8 Definite integrals 280
- 8.1 Introduction 280
- 8.2 Riemann sums 283
- 8.3 Definite integral 291
- 8.4 Numerical integration: trapezoid method 308
- 8.5 Numerical integration: Simpson method 312
- 8.6 Proofs 319
  - 9 Fundamental theorem of calculus 322
- 9.1 Indefinite integral 322
- 9.2 Position and distance from velocity 333
- 9.3 Fundamental theorem of calculus 334
- 9.4 List of integrals 341
- 9.5 Proofs 343
- 10 Integration techniques 344
- 10.1 Changing variables 344
- 10.2 Integration by parts 360
- 10.3 Rational functions 368

- 10.4 Improper integrals: infinite intervals 373
- 10.5 Improper integrals: unbounded integrands 381
  - 11 Applications of integrals 384
- 11.1 Area 384
- 11.2 Area by polar coordinates 388
- 11.3 Arc length 391
- 11.4 Volume 394
- 11.5 Solids of revolution: volume 398
- 11.6 Solids of revolution: surface area 402
- 11.7 Moments and centroids 404
- 11.8 Centroids of three-dimensional bodies 412
- 11.9 Work 416
- 11.10 Hydrostatic force 423

#### Series and approximations 427

- 12 Sequences and series 428
- 12.1 Sequences and convergence 428
- 12.2 Series 438
- 12.3 Convergence criteria for series 443
- 12.4 Proofs 456
- 13 Series expansions and approximations 460
- 13.1 Series of functions 460
- 13.2 Power series 462
- 13.3 Differentiation of power series 472
- 13.4 Taylor series 480
- 13.5 Lagrange interpolation 490
- 13.6 Proofs 494

#### Appendixes 501

- A Introduction to MACSYMA 502
- A.1 MACSYMA inputs and outputs 502
- A.2 Getting on-line help 503
- A.3 Expressions 503
- A.4 Constants 504
- A.5 Numbers 505
- A.6 Assignments 506
- A.7 Equations 508
- A.8 Functions 509
- A.9 Lists 510
- A.10 Expanding expressions 510
- A.11 Simplifying expressions 512
- A.12 Factoring expressions 513
- A.13 Making substitutions 515
- A.14 Extracting parts of an expression 516

- A.15 Trigonometric functions 517
- A.16 A simple program 519
- A.17 Plotting 521
- B Numbers 527
- B.1 Arithmetic operations 527
- B.2 Real numbers 529
- B.3 Absolute value 535
- B.4 Equations and inequalities 537
- B.5 Two fundamental properties of real numbers 538
- B.6 Complex numbers 541
  - C Analytical geometry 545
- C.1 Plane  $\mathbf{R}^2$  with Cartesian coordinates 545
- C.2 Lines 549
- C.3 Circles 558
- C.4 Sine, cosine, and tangent 562
- C.5 Polar coordinates 569
- D Conic sections 575
- D.1 Conic sections 575
- D.2 Circle 577
- D.3 Parabola 578
- D.4 Ellipse 582
- D.5 Hyperbola 587
- D.6 The general quadratic  $Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0$  592

#### Subject index 599

# Advice to the student on using this book

Begin with the introduction to MACSYMA in Appendix A, which contains enough information to get you started (but is no substitute for the MACSYMA User Guide).

Use MACSYMA to plot the graphs of all functions encountered here (you will find in this book fewer drawings than in traditional calculus texts because we expect you to draw your own). Use MACSYMA to compute and to check your hand calculations, but do not rely on it. Remember that software is no substitute for thinking.

This text has many problems and exercises, some routine (testing your knowledge of basic concepts) and other more challenging. Do as many as you can of each type.

Do not believe anything you read, even in a calculus book. This is why you should demand to see proofs. Simple proofs are given throughout the book, but complicated proofs are kept in separate and easily avoidable sections.

Equations are numbered on the right side.

Computer work lends itself to working in teams where members compare notes, check each other's work, and suggest new ideas. A congenial study group is a good start.