Wireless Networking and Mobile Data Management

# Wireless Networking and Mobile Data Management



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This book is dedicated to three wonderful persons.

To my teacher Professor G. P. Bhattacharjee, who believed that my achievements were not accidental but both expected and deserved. To my wife Sarbani and to my daughter Ritwika. Without their support and understanding it would not have been possible. At times Sarbani felt the book will never appear in print though my little one never expressed it in so many words, perhaps she believed her mom.

#### **Preface**

This book grew out of the class notes around which a course on mobile computing was taught to the senior undergraduate and the masters' students at IIT Kanpur. These students unknowingly became guinea pigs in the process of my understanding of the subject.

The certain topics included in this book have been produced in different forms distributed over a number of other books or collections. In that sense, the uniqueness of the current text lies in putting the contents in an understandable form woven through a single thread. Giving a different orientation to the work of others is not quite easy. Most of the times I felt that the original text of the work is perhaps the best way to communicate. However, while teaching certain material in the class, a few interesting ideas emerged out of the queries by the students. These ideas provided cues for improved presentations. Maybe a discernable reader will find that some of the topics in this book have been presented in sufficient details, while a few other topics perhaps could have been presented in a better way. Specially, I feel a reasonable understanding of smart environment would require more space than I could allocate in this book. In trying to fit it within the scope of the book, context-aware infrastructure became a dominant theme in my presentation. However, I believe that building smart environment, in itself, is an engineering problem which is understood best by practice than by learning through literature or a book.

The book is organized into two parts consisting eight chapters each. Part I deals with wireless networking, while Part II addresses mobile data management issues. The effort was to strike a balance between the two parts and provide the readers what I believe is a comprehensive treatment of the subject. The material for the mobile data management part was more or less gathered directly from the original articles, as most of the available books in the area at the time when I start writing this book were just unrelated collections of research literature. Fortunately, there are many excellent texts on wireless networking part. But, these books were written with the target audiences having background either in electrical engineering or in physics. Very few books, if at all, dealt with protocol level details in somewhat sketchy manner. However, these texts did substantially influence the material presented in first part of the book. My class notes gradually developed over the

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years and matured somewhat unconsciously in the form a monograph as it appears now.

Chapter 1 of the book is an introduction to mobile distributed environment and some interesting innovative applications in the area. Instead of a conventional introduction to book, this chapter provides the reader a general understanding of the issues that arise in the context building pervasive mobile applications and smart environment. The subsequent five chapters deal with the range of wireless networking technologies. It includes cellular-based wireless communication, telecommunication protocols such as GSM, GPRS, and UMTS, and short-range radio communication protocols such as WLAN, Bluetooth, IR, ZigBee, and 6LoWPAN. The remaining two chapters of the first part deal with routings in mobile ad hoc network, mobile operating systems and application-level protocols such as Mobile IP, WAP, and Mobile Shell (Mosh).

Part II of the book deals with mobile data management. This part begins with a chapter on WSN-related protocols, namely routing, interoperability, and multisensor integration. Though the contents of the chapter appear to lean more toward network than data, the two main reasons for clubbing it with mobile data management are as follows: (i) WSNs unlike IP-based network are data-centric networks and (ii) multisensor integrations employ sophisticated mathematical tools for fusion of data. More precisely, data is used as a communication token for routing in WSN. On the other hand, data fusion requires rich mathematical techniques that deal with detection, association, correlation, estimation, and combination of sensory data. The next chapter deals with the techniques for location management in GSM-type network for tracking personal and terminal mobilities. Here again, the decision to classify the chapter under mobile data management part is driven by the fact that the volume of location data far exceeds the size of a database that can be handled by a conventional database application. Specially, capturing location data related to personal mobility requires interesting data management and machine learning techniques. The remaining topics related to mobile distributed environment included in this part are as follows: design of algorithms, data dissemination, indexing, caching, replications, and storage management. The last chapter of the book does not directly deal with data management issues, but it talks about context-aware infrastructure for building smart environments.

The pre-requisite relationships between the contents of chapters are shown in Fig. 1. The solid lines show direct dependencies, and dotted line indicates indirect dependencies of the chapters. The book is written in a way, so that it does not require any pre-requisite other than the standard undergraduate knowledge of computer networks and algorithms. Having a bit of working knowledge about operating system (OS) could also help the reader to understand some of the practical issues described in the context of building mobile distributed applications.

The subject matter of the book has been chosen with a balanced assessment of the requirements of a target audience that would consist of senior undergraduates, masters, as well as research students. Practicing engineers perhaps may not get particularly excited about the book, as most of the content as well as the treatment

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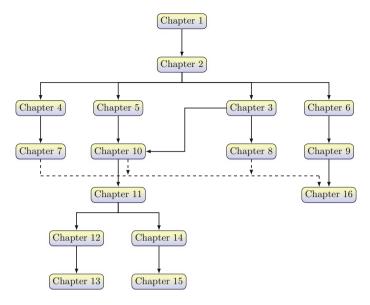


Fig. 1 Pre-requisite structure of chapters

of the contents is biased more toward theory than implementation. However, I believe that the chapter on smart environment and context-aware computing would provide a few pointers to ideas on leveraging mobile cloud computing for building smart applications.

Kanpur, India December 2016 R.K. Ghosh

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It is always a pleasure to thank all those from whom I received help, support, and encouragements directly or indirectly. Among these individuals, colleagues, and friends, one name that stands out is Hrushikesha Mohanty of University of Hyderabad. I learnt a lot about the subject with him. We jointly organized a few workshops and conferences in the general area of mobile distributed computing. Another very distinguished person who helped and always motivated me through his wisdom is R.K. Shyamasundar of IIT Bombay. It was always a pleasure to talk to him and discuss half-baked and immature ideas. I extend my sincere thanks to him. I acknowledge with thanks the support and encouragements that I received from Anup Kumar of University of Louisville. Anup is not only a great friend to have, but is always available for any help and support academic or otherwise. Several of his suggestions and comments helped me to improve the presentation of this book. I also extend my thanks to Sajal K. Das of Missouri University of Science and Technology who offered a few suggestions on initial drafts of few chapters. His suggestions were always very specific and helpful. My special thanks are reserved for all my students who silently suffered my ignorance of the subject at initial stages and made me learn the subject. Finally, working with my editor Ms. Suvira Srivastava, the project coordinator Ms. Sathya Karupaiya, and the production editor Mr. V. Praveen Kumar was fun. I thank them for their patience and perseverance.

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#### **About the Author**

**R.K.** Ghosh is a professor in the Department of Computer Science and Engineering at the Indian Institute of Technology Kanpur. Earlier, he held a professor's position in the Department of Computer Science and Engineering at the Indian Institute of Technology Guwahati. A few of the other positions he has held in the past include a UN teacher fellow at the International Institute for Software Technology (IIST) Macau, a visiting scientist at INRIA Sophia Antipolis, France, and a visiting faculty in the Department of Computer Science at the University of Texas at Arlington, USA. His primary research interests are in mobile computing, distributed systems, and wireless networks.

Dr. Ghosh has published extensively in professional journals on wireless sensor networks, mobile applications and services, parallel and distributed systems, graph theory, and the operation of large data centers. He has co-authored one book and edited several conference proceedings, as well as authored a few book chapters in the general area of mobile applications and services. Dr. Ghosh has worked on several sponsored research projects related to parallel processing, distributed software engineering, mobile computing and cloud computing. A few of these projects involved international collaborations with the researchers from the University of Trento, Italy, Airbus Industrie, France, Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO), Australia, University of Melbourne, Australia, and University of Texas at Arlington, USA. His pedagogic interests led to a collection of animation programs for teaching data structure and algorithms at the undergraduate level. A partial collection of these animation programs grouped as Ghosh's collection is available at http://algoviz.org/node/641.

### Acronyms

3G Third Generation

3GPP Third-Generation Partnership Project

Fourth Generation Fifth Generation

6LoWPAN Low-power Network on IPv6
8-PSK Octagonal Phase-Shift Keying
ABR Associativity-Based Routing
ACCH Associated Control CHannels
ACL Asynchronous Connection Less
ACO Augmented Channel Occupancy

AGCH Access Grant CHannel AMA Active Member Address

AODV Ad hoc On-Demand Distance Vector

AP Access Point

API Application Programming Interface

APL APplication Layer

ARP Address Resolution Protocol ARQ Automatic Repeat reQuest

AU Application Unit
AuC Authentication Center
BCCH Broadcast Control CHannel

BCH Broadcast CHannel

BCO Borrowing with Channel Order

BER Bit Error Rate

BFA Borrow from the First Available BFR Borrowing From the Richest

BS Base Station

BSA Basic Service Area
BSC Base Station Controller
BSS Base Station Subsystem

xxvi Acronyms

BSS Basic Service System

BSSAP Base Station System Application Part

BSSGP BSS GPRS application Protocol

BSSID BSS Identifier

BTS Base Transceiver Station
CAC Channel Access Code
CAN Community Area Network

CASS Context-Aware Substructure System

CCCH Common Control CHannels
CDMA Code Division Multiple Access

CEPT Conference of European Post and Telecommunication

CFP Contention-Free Period
CGI Common Gateway Interface
CGSR Cluster Gateway Switch Routing

CoA Care-of Address

CoAP Constrained Application Protocol
CoBrA Context Broker Architecture
CODA COnstant Data Availability
CRC Cyclic Redundancy Code

CS Circuit Switching

CSCF Control Session Control Function
CSMA/CA CSMA with Collision Avoidance
CSMA Carrier Sensing and Multiple Access

CTS Clear to Transmit
DAC Device Access Code

DAO Destination Advertisement Object
DCA Dynamic Channel Assignment
DCCH Dedicated Control CHannels
DCF Distributed Coordination Function

DDCA Distributed Dynamic Channel Assignment

DHCP Dynamic Host Control Protocol
DIFS DCF Inter-Frame Spacing
DIO DODAG Information Object
DIS DODAG Information Solicitation

DISCUS Distributed Source Coding Using Syndromes
DODAG Destination-Oriented Directed Acyclic Graph

DoS Denial of Services

DRNC Drift RNC

DSC Distributed Source Coding

DSDV Destination-Sequenced Distance Vector

DSR Dynamic Source Routing

DSSS Direct-Sequence Spread Spectrum

DTD Document-Type Definition
DTX Discontinuous Transmission

EDGE Enhanced Data rates for GSM Evolution

Acronyms xxvii

EIR Equipment Identity Register

ESS Extended Service Set

ETSI European Telecommunication Standard Institute

ETX Expected Transmission count EUI Extended Unique Identifier

FA Foreign Agent

FAC Final Assembly Code

FACCH Fast Associate Control CHannel FCA Fixed Channel Assignment FCCH Frequency Correction CHannel

FCS Frame Check Sequence FDD Frequency Division Duplex

FDMA Frequency Division Multiple Access

FEC Forward Error Correction FFD Full Function Device FFH Fast Frequency Hopping

FHSS Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum

FSR Fish-eye State Routing FTP File Transfer Protocol

GEAR Geographical and Energy-Aware Routing

GGSN Gateway GPRS Support Node GMM GPRS Mobility Management

GMSC Gateway MSC GoS Grade of Service

GPRS General Packet Radio Service
GPS Geographical Positioning System
GPSK Gaussian Phase-Shift Keying

GRPH GRouP Hello

GSM Groupe Speciale Mobile
GSR Global State Routing
GTP GPRS Tunneling Protocol

HA Home Agent

HEC Header Error Check
HLR Home Location Register
HRN Handover Reference Number
HSCSD High-Speed Circuit-Switched Data

HSS Home Subscriber Service
HTML Hypertext Mark-up Language
HTTP Hypertext Transfer Protocol

IAC Inquiry Access Code
IAM Initial Address Message
IARP IntrAzone Routing Protocol
IAS Information Access Service

IBSS Independent BSS

ICMP Internet Control Message Protocol

xxviii Acronyms

IEEE Institute of Electronics and Electrical Engineers

IERP IntErzone Routing Protocol
IFH Intermediate Frequency Hopping

IMEI International Mobile Equipment Identity
IMSI International Mobile Subscriber's Identity

IoT Internet of Things IP Internet Protocol

IPv4 Internet Protocol version 4 IPv6 Internet Protocol version 6

IR Infrared

ISDN Integrated Service Digital Network
L2CAP Logical Link Access Protocol
LAI Location Area Identifier

LAN Local Area Network
LAP Link Access Protocol

LAPD Link Access Protocol for ISDN D-Channel

LAR Location-Aided Routing

LIX LRU PIX

LLC Link Logical Layer

LLN Low-power Lossy Network

LM-IAS Link Management Information Access Service

LM-MUX Link Management MUltipleXing

LMP Link Manager Protocol LMR Lightweight Mobile Routing

LODA Locally Optimized Dynamic Assignment

LRU Least Recently Used LS Location Server

LSAP Link Service Access Point

LSAP-SEL Link Service Access Point SELector

M2M Machine to Machine MAC Medium Access Control

MAC Medium Control Adaptation Protocol

MACT Multicast route ACTivation
MANET Mobile Ad hoc Network
MAP Mobile Application Protocol
MCC Mobile Cloud Computing
MDS Mobile Distributed System
MGCF Media Gateway Control Function

MGW Media Gateway

MH Mobile Handset

MIMO Multiple-Input and Multiple-Output MLME MAC layer Management Entity

MN Mobile Node

MOC Mobile Originating Call

Mosh Mobile shell

Acronyms xxix

MS Mobile Station

MSC Mobile Switching Center MSISDN Mobile Station ISDN

MSRN Mobile Station Roaming Number

MT Mobile Terminal

MTC Mobile Terminated Call
MTP Message Transport Part
MTU Maximum Transmission Unit
NAV Network Allocation Vector

NCH Notification CHannel

NDM Normal Disconnected Mode NLA Next-Level Aggregator

NLME Network Layer Management Entity

NRM Normal Response Mode

NSAPI Network Service Access Point Identifier

NSS Network Subsystem NWK NetWorK layer

OBEX OBject EXchange protocol

OBU Onboard Unit OCB Office Code Book

OFDM Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing

OSI Open System Interconnection

OVSF Orthogonal Variable Spreading Factor

PAN Personal Area Network
PCF Point Coordination Function

PCH Paging CHannel

PDA Personal Digital Assistant
PDN Packet Data Network
PDU Protocol Data Unit
PHY Physical Layer

PIFS PCF Inter-frame Spacing

PIMSI Packet IMSI

PIN Personal Identity Number
PIX Probability Inverse frequency X

PLL Physical Link Layer

PLMN Public Land Mobile Network
PMA Passive Member Address
PMS Power Management System

PS Packet Switching

PSTN Public Switched Telephone Network

QoS Quality of Service

QSPK Quadrature Phase-Shift Keying

RAB Radio Access Bearer

RACH Random Access CHannel Associativity-Based Routing

RAI Routing Area Identification

xxx Acronyms

RERR Route ERRor packet

REST REpresentational State Transfer

RETOS Resilient, Expandable, and Threaded Operating System for Wireless

Sensor Networks

RFD Reduced Function Device RFID Radio Frequency IDentification

RLC Radio Link Control

RNAAP Radio Network Access Application Part

RNC Radio Network Controller RNC Regional Network Center RNL Radio Network Layer

RoLL Routing over Low-power and Lossy networks

RPL Routing Protocol for Low-power and lossy networks

RREP Route REPly packet
RREQ Route REQuest packet
RRM Radio Resource Manager
RSS Received Signal Strength

RSSI RSS Indicator
RSU Road Side Unit
RTS Request to Transmit
RTT Round-Trip Time

SACCH Slow Associated Control CHannel SCCP Signaling Connection Control Part

SCH Synchronization CHannel

SCO Synchronous Connection Oriented SDDCH Stand-alone Dedicated Control CHannel

SDP Service Discovery Protocol Slow Frequency Hopping SFH **SGSN** Servicing GPRS Support Node **SIFS** Short Inter-Frame Spacing SIM Subscriber Identity Module SIR Signal-to-Interference Ratio Site-Level Aggregator **SLA** Service Location Protocol SLP **SMS** Short Messaging Service

SNDCP Subnetwork Dependent Convergence Protocol SNPDU Subnetwork Dependent Protocol Data Unit

SNR Signal-to-Noise Ratio

SOCAM Service-Oriented Context Middleware

SPIN Sensor Protocol for Information via Negotiation

SRNC Servicing RNC

SS Supplementary Service

SSH Secure SHell

SSID Service Set Identifier SSL Secure Socket Layer Acronyms xxxi

SSP State Synchronization Protocol SSR Signal Stability Routing

TAC Type Approval Code

TCAP Transaction Capability Application Part

TCH Traffic CHannel

TCP Transmission Control Protocol TCS Telephone Control Specification

TDD Time-Division Duplex

TDMA Time-Division Multiple Access

TIMSI Temporary IMSI
TLA Top-Level Aggregator
TLS Transport Layer Security
TNL Transport Network Layer

TORA Temporarily Ordered Routing Algorithm TRAU Transcoder and Rate Adaptation Unit

TSN Transient Social Networking

TTL Time To Live

TTP Tiny Transport Protocol

UCAM Unified Context-Aware Application Model

UDP User Datagram Protocol

UE User Equipment

UMTS Universal Mobile Telecommunication System

URL Uniform Resource Locator

UTRAN UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

UUID Universally Unique IDentifier

UWB Ultra-Wideband V2V Vehicle to Vehicle

VHE Virtual Home Environment
VLR Visitor Location Register
VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

VoIP Voice over IP

VPN Virtual Private Network

WAE WAP Application Environment

WAN Wide Area Network

WAP Wireless Application Protocol

WCDMA Wideband CDMA

WDP WAP Datagram Protocol

WHART Wireless Highway Addressable Remote Transducer

WiFi Wireless Fidelity

WiMAX Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access

WLAN Wireless Local Area Network
WML Wireless Markup Language
WPAN Wireless Personal Area Network

WRP Wireless Routing Protocol WSN Wireless Sensor Network xxxii Acronyms

WSP WAP Session Protocol

WTAI Wireless Telephone Applications Interface

WTL WAP Transport Layer

WTLS WAP Transport Layer Security

XML Markup LanguageZC ZigBee CoordinatorZDO ZigBee Device Object

ZR ZigBee Router

ZRP Zonal Routing Protocol

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