## Supplementary Material A Maximum Common Induced Graph Algorithm

1. Variables used in the Pseudo-code
1) $G_{1}, G_{2}$ : two graphs for which the maximum common induced graph is searched;
2) currentSubset: a set containing all pair of nodes which have the one to one correspondence between $G_{1}$ and $G_{2}$ in the current solution;
3) maxSubset: a set storing all pair of nodes between $G_{1}$ and $G_{2}$ in the maximum common induced graph;
4) visitedList: a list of nodes in $G_{1}$ which are already mapped to nodes in $G_{2}$.
2. PickNodeFromG1() function

The function PickNodeFromG1() returns a node $u$ from $G_{1}$, such that:

1) $u$ is not in currentSubset and not in visitedList;
2) $u$ is connected to a node in currentSubset or currentSubset is empty;
3) if no such node $u$ exists, return null.
3. PickNodeFromG2 ( $u$ ) function

The function PickNodeFromG2 (u) returns a node $v$ from $G_{2}$, such that

1) $v$ is not in currentSubset;
2) currentSubset is empty or currentSubset contains a pair ( $\left.u^{\prime}, v^{\prime}\right)$, such that:

- node $u^{\prime}$ is connected to node $u$ and node $v^{\prime}$ is connected to node $v$;
- $\quad \operatorname{abs}\left(\mathrm{I}(u)-\mathrm{I}\left(u^{\prime}\right)\right)<w$ and $\operatorname{abs}\left(\mathrm{I}(v)-\mathrm{I}\left(v^{\prime}\right)\right)<w$.

3) if no such node $v$ exists, return null

## 4. SearchMCIS() function

The SearchMCIS() function which does the recursive search returns the maxSubset. The maxSubset is a set storing all pair of nodes in the maximum common induced graph of $G_{1}$ and $G_{2}$.

```
SearchMCIS():
    u= PickNodeFromG1()
    if ( }u==\mathrm{ null) then:
        If currentSubset.size > maxSubset.size
            maxSubset = currentSubset
        endif
    else:
        visitedList.add(u)
        v= PickNodeFromG2(u)
        while (v != null):
        currentSubset.put(u,v)
        SearchMCIS()
        v=PickNodeFromG2(u)
    SearchMCIS()
    visitedList.remove(u)
endif
```


## Supplementary Material B

Figure S1 Surface networks representation of nighttime light surfaces for the other 26 cities



























