



Mokhov A, Khomenko V, Sokolov D, Yakovlev A. <u>Opportunistic Merge</u> <u>Element</u>. In: 21st IEEE International Symposium on Asynchronous Circuits and Systems (ASYNC'15). 2015, Mountain View, Silicon Valley, California, USA: IEEE Computing Society Press.

Copyright:

© 2015 IEEE. Personal use of this material is permitted. Permission from IEEE must be obtained for all other uses, in any current or future media, including reprinting/republishing this material for advertising or promotional purposes, creating new collective works, for resale or redistribution to servers or lists, or reuse of any copyrighted component of this work in other works.

DOI link to article:

http://dx.doi.org/10.1109/ASYNC.2015.25

Date deposited:

21/07/2015



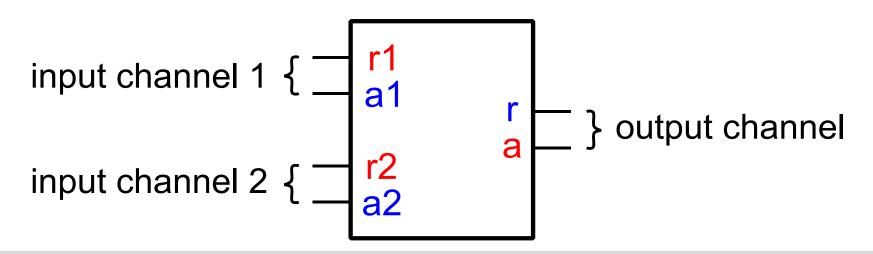




Opportunistic Merge Element

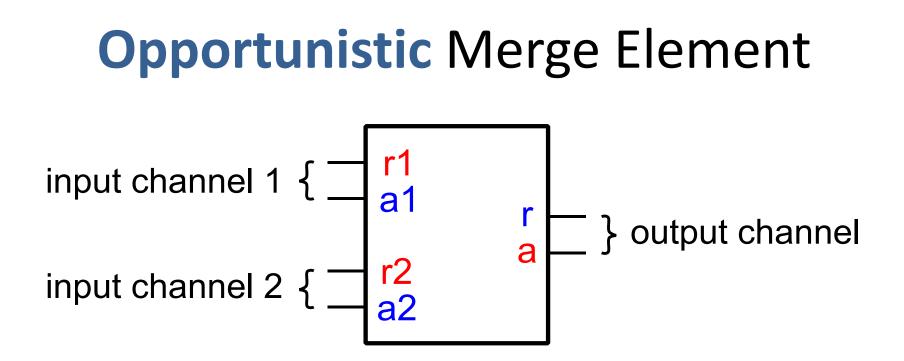
Andrey Mokhov, Victor Khomenko, Danil Sokolov, Alex Yakovlev

Merge Element



Purpose:merge independent requestsExample:count the total number of requestsProperty:requests are never lost, $I_1 + I_2 = O$ Requires arbitration

- between requests
- better outside the critical path



Purpose:merge independent requests, bundling
closely arriving requests togetherExample:respond to an alarm (two sensors)Property: $max(I_1, I_2) \le O \le I_1 + I_2$

OMs in the real world



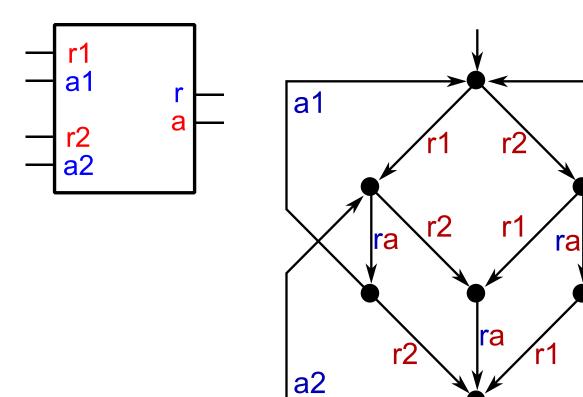
mmile

Our motivation: on-chip power management

Conceptual specification

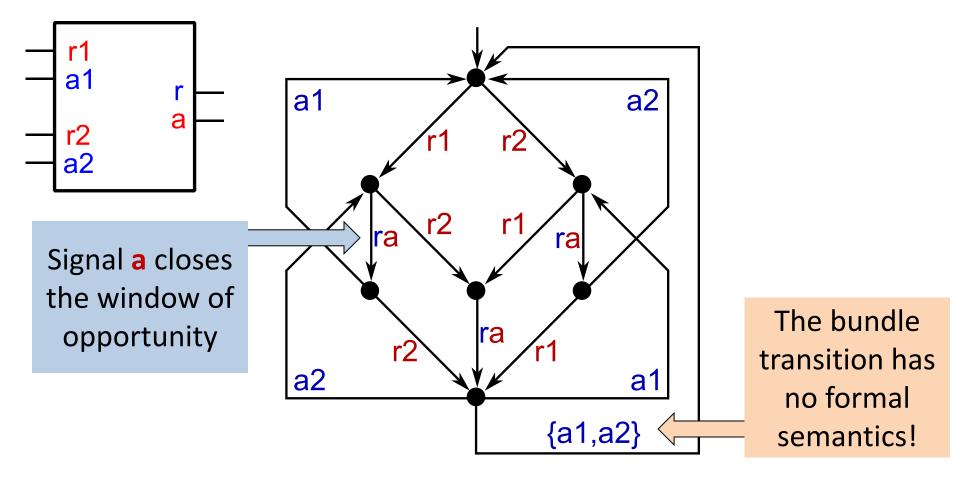
a2

a1

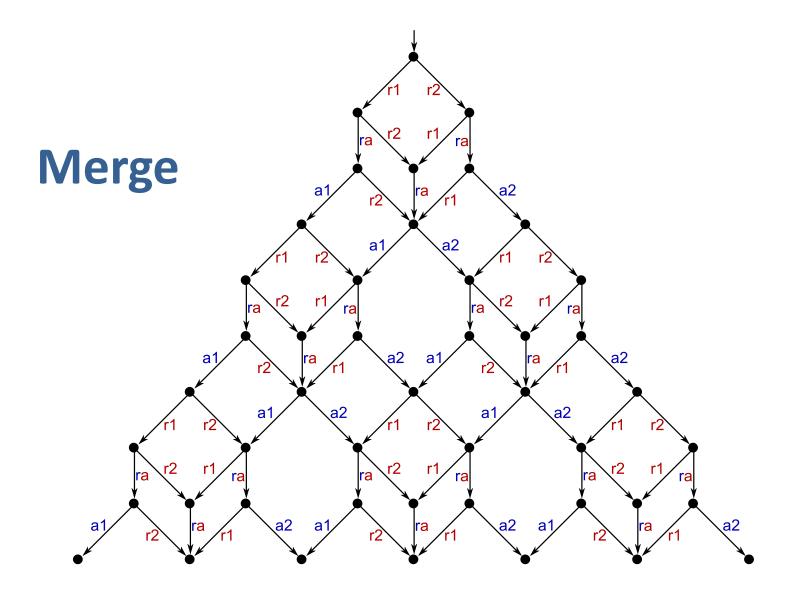


Merge

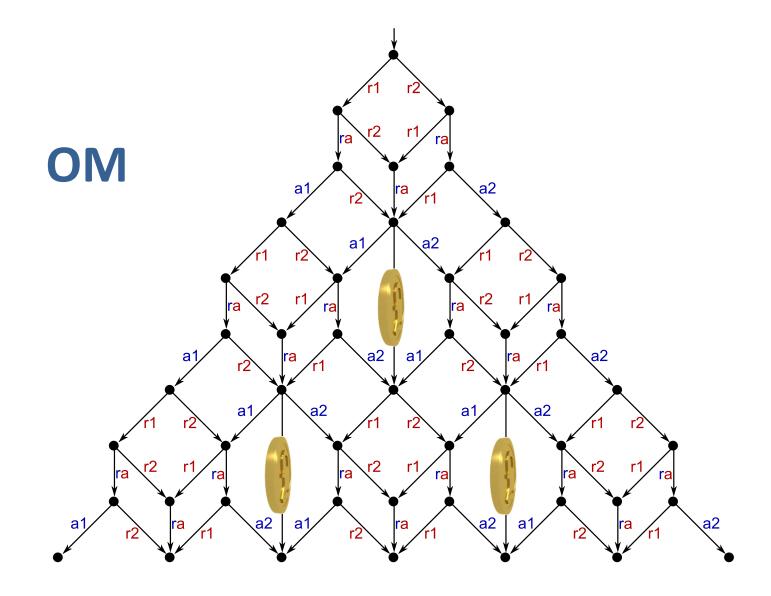
Conceptual specification



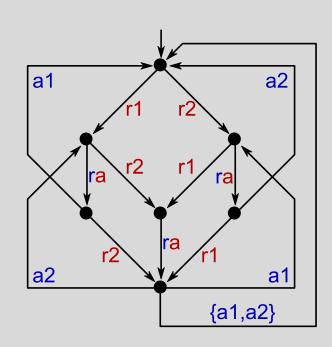
Conceptual specification (unrolled)



Conceptual specification (unrolled)



Decomposing the bundle



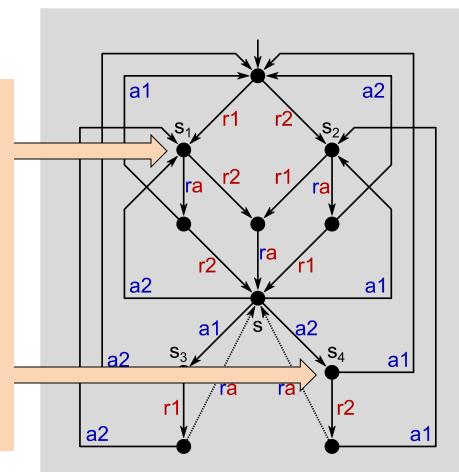
OM with bundle

a1 a2 ra a2 a1 a^2 S_4 **S**₃ a2 a1 ra ra r2 rí a2 a1

Decomposition

Decomposing the bundle

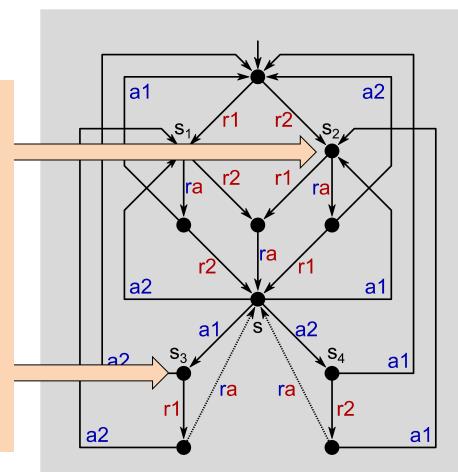
Problem: decomposed specification cannot be synthesised due to *irreducible state encoding (CSC) conflicts* between s₁ and s₄, and between s₂ and s₃



Decomposition

Decomposing the bundle

Problem: decomposed specification cannot be synthesised due to *irreducible state encoding (CSC) conflicts* between s₁ and s₄, and between s₂ and s₃



Decomposition

Is this a dead end?

Decomposing the bundle {a1,a2} is highly non-trivial:

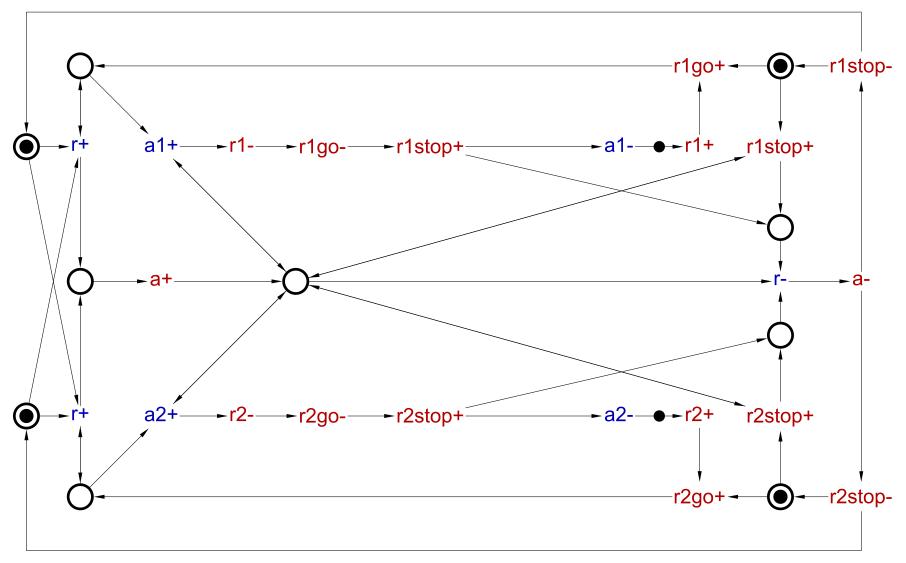
- Output-determinacy violations
- Non-commutativity of inputs
- Irreducible CSC conflicts

. . .

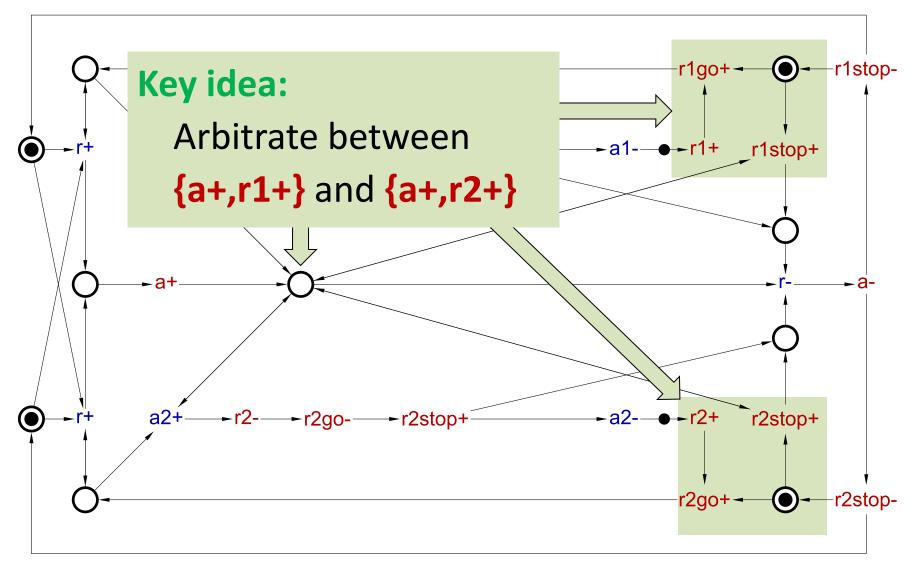
...then a miracle occurs...



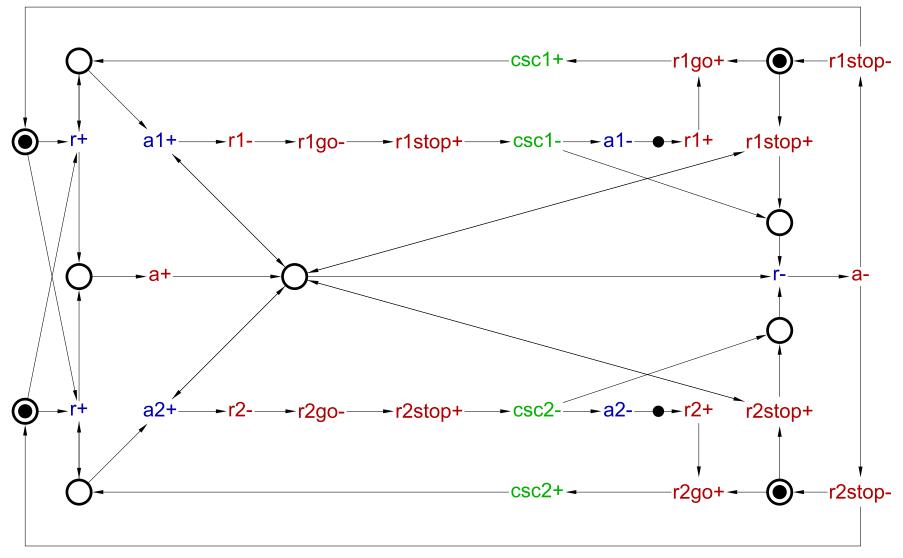
STG specification



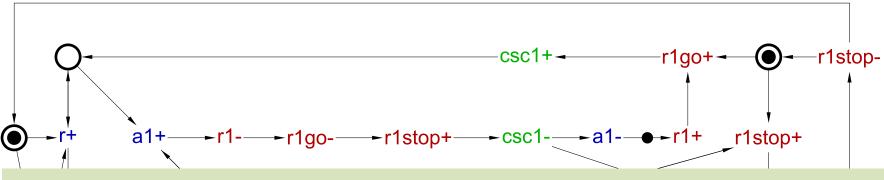
STG specification



CSC resolution (MPSAT)

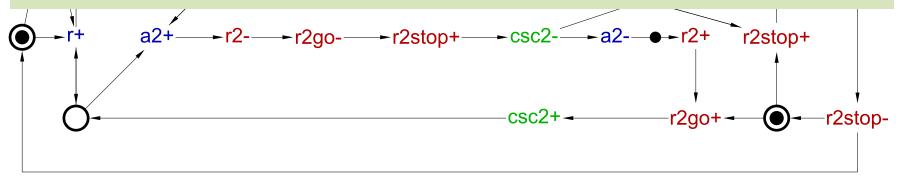


CSC resolution (MPSAT)

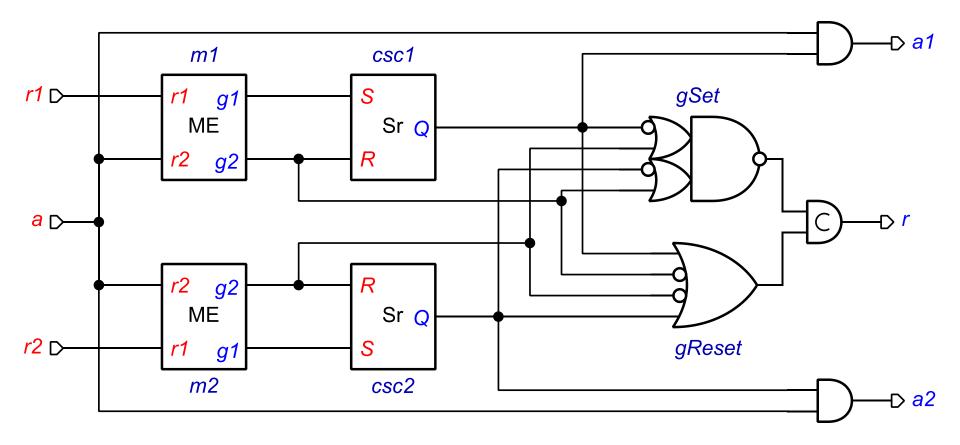


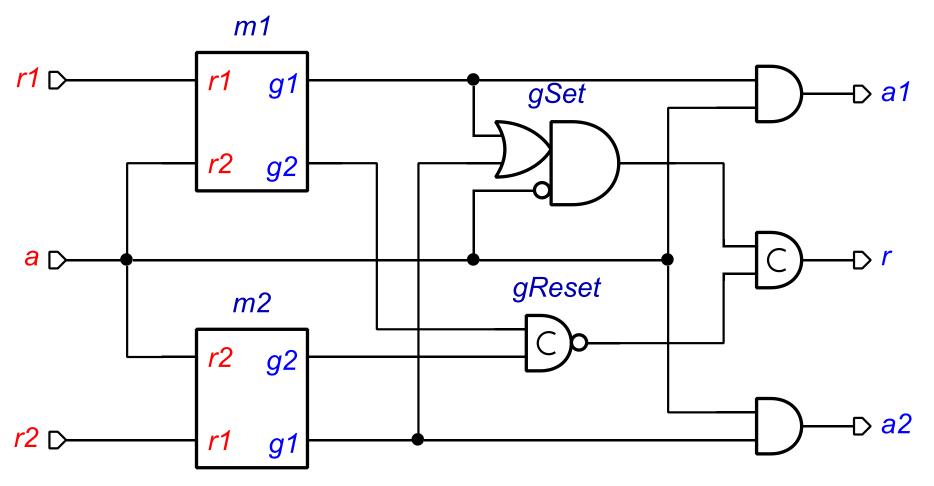
Deadlock free No hazards Synthesisable

Fast response: no metastability on the critical path

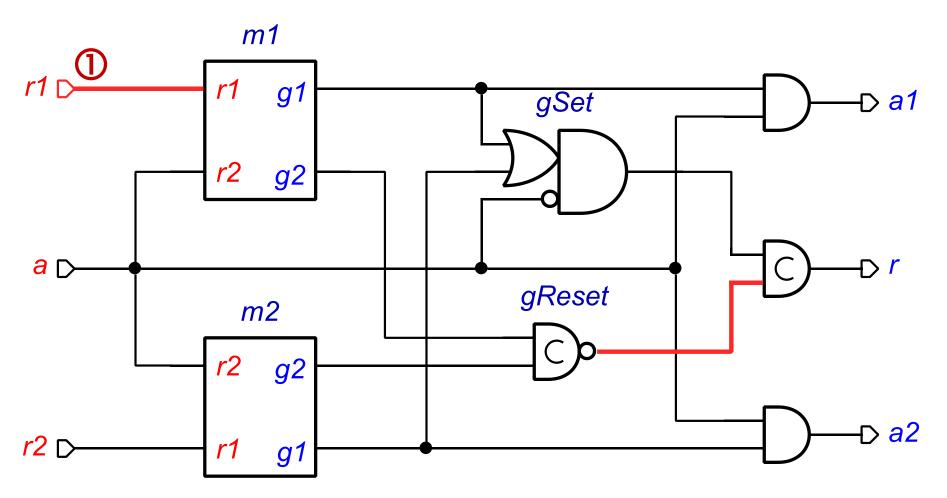


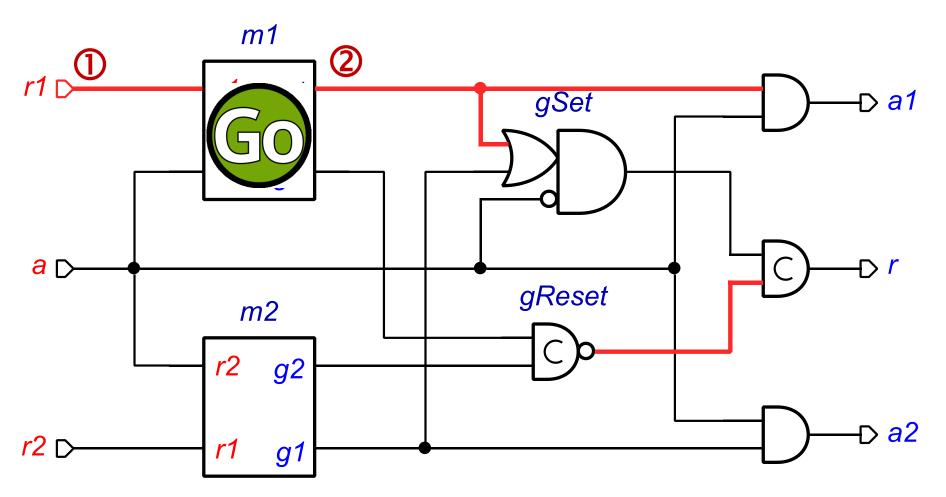
Synthesised circuit (MPSAT)

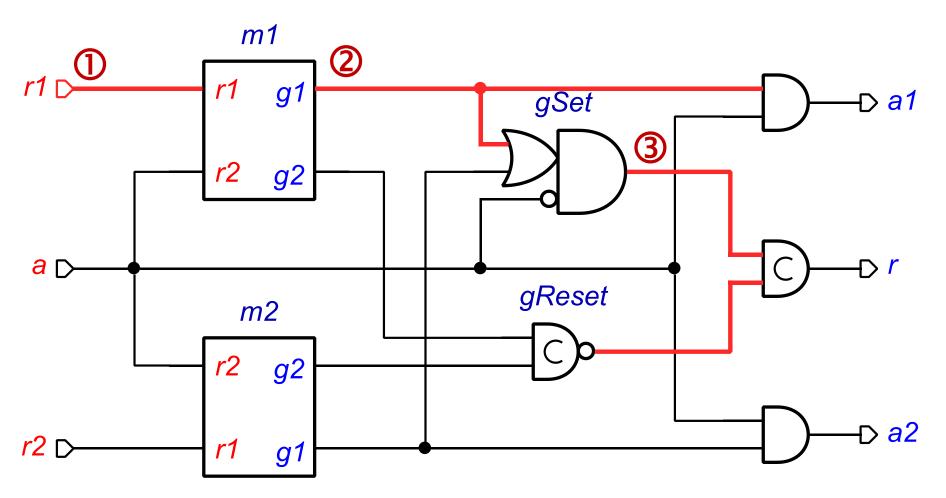


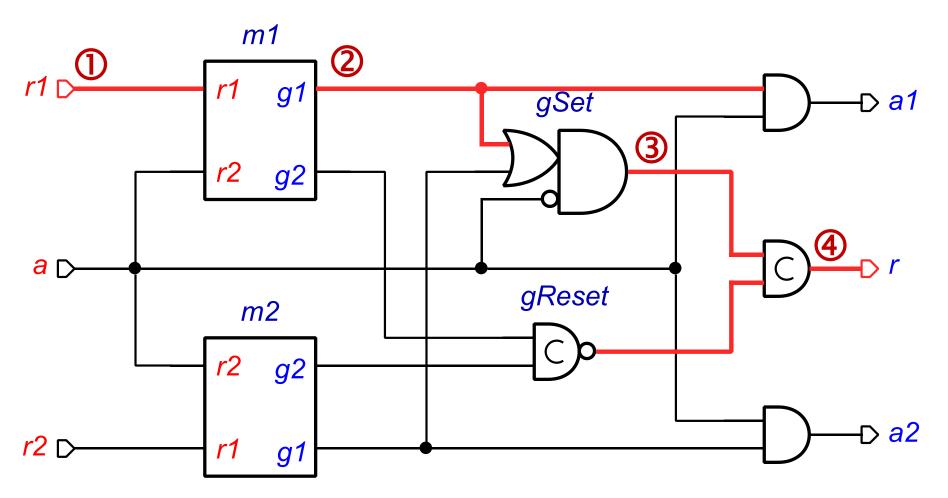


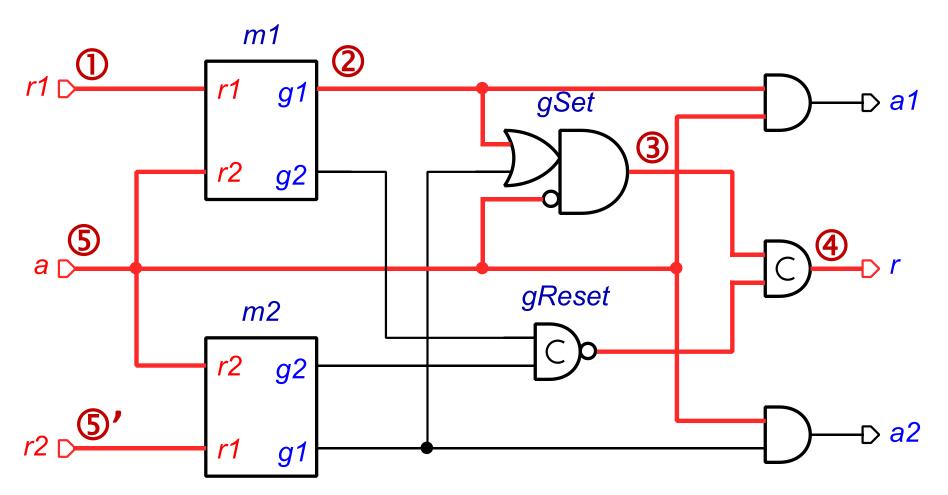
New optimisation technique: fairness-based optimisation

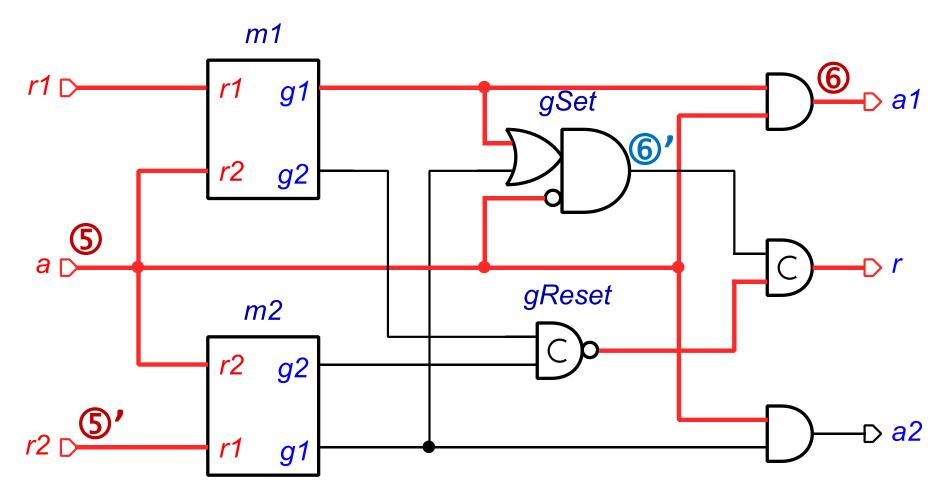


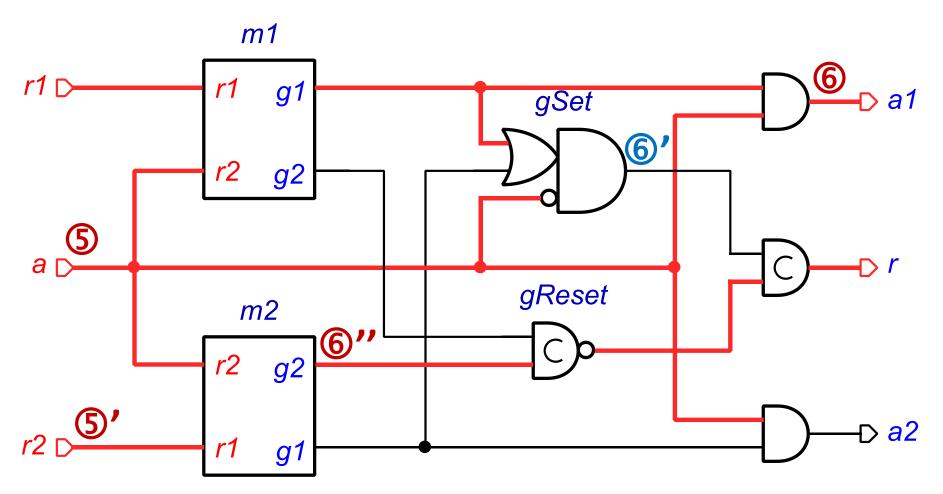


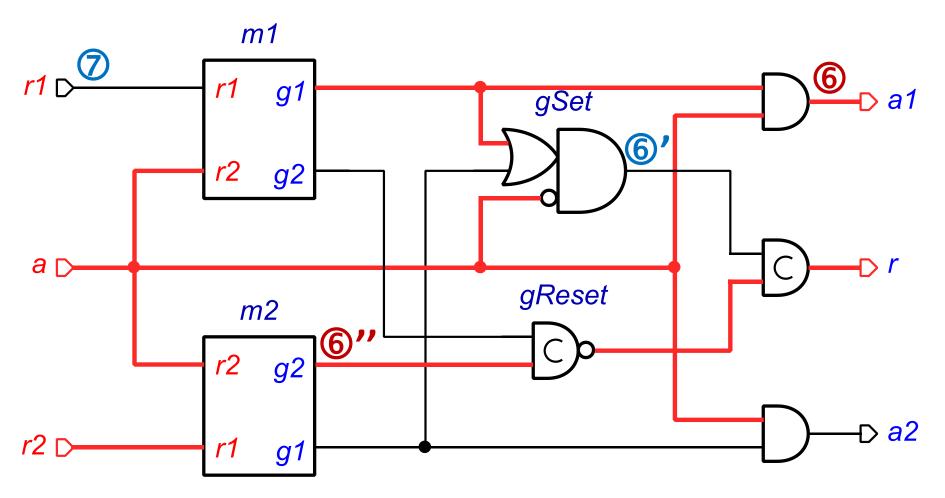


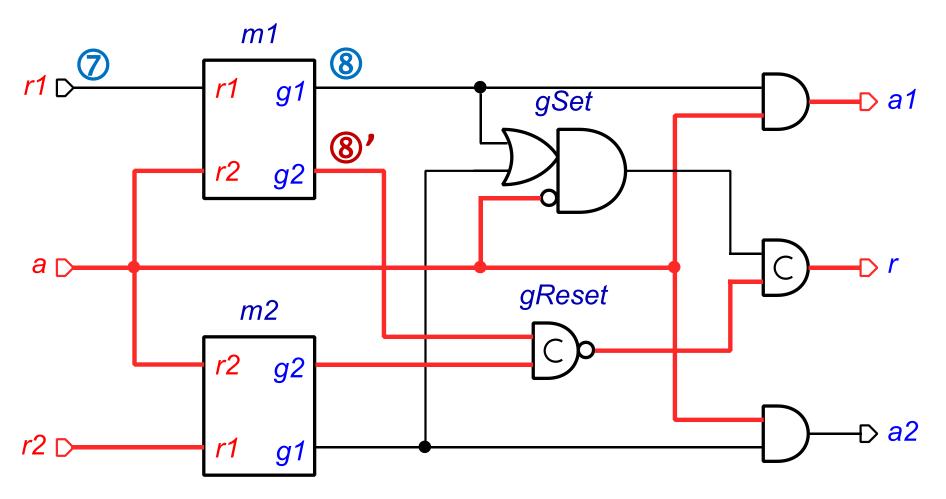


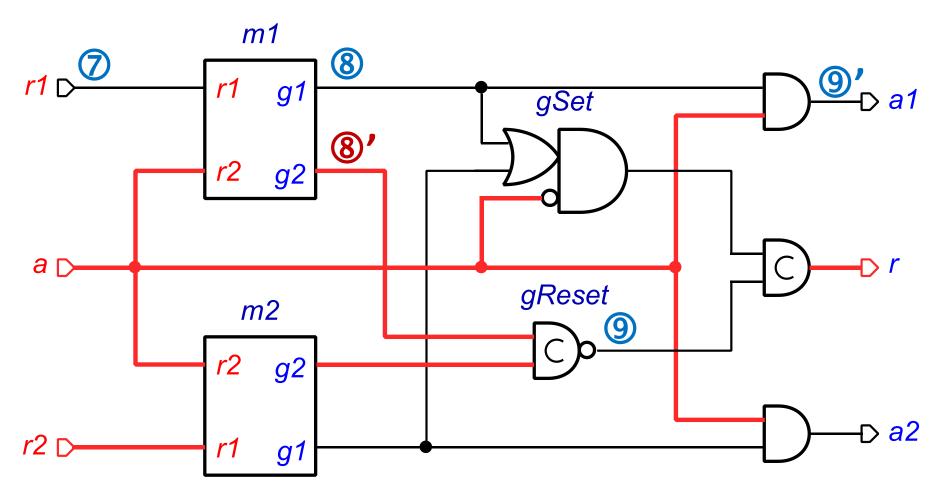


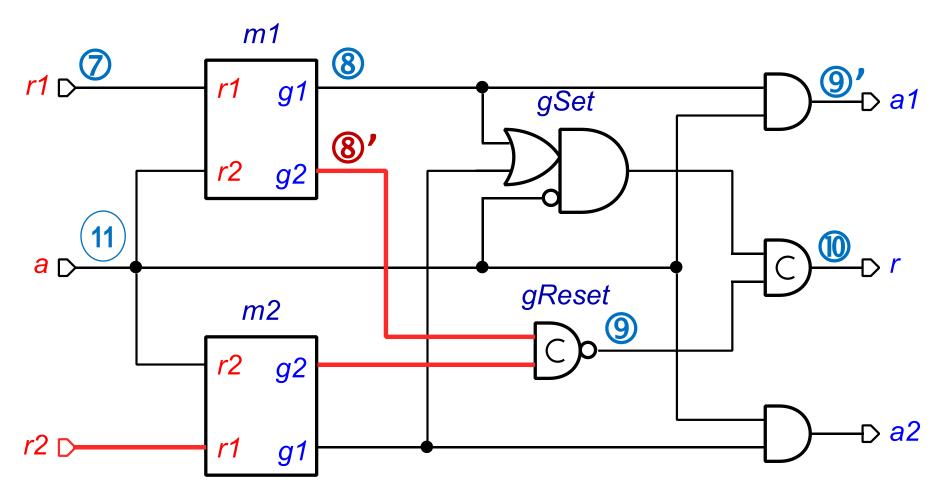


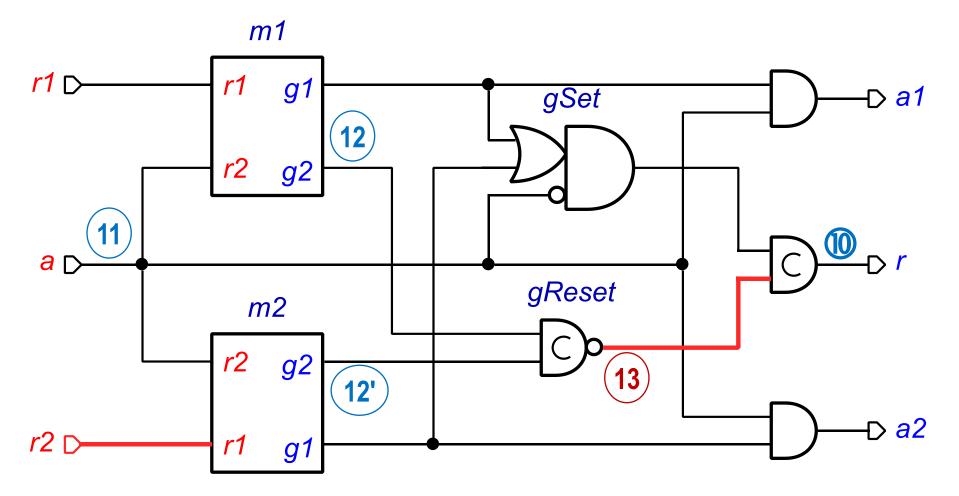


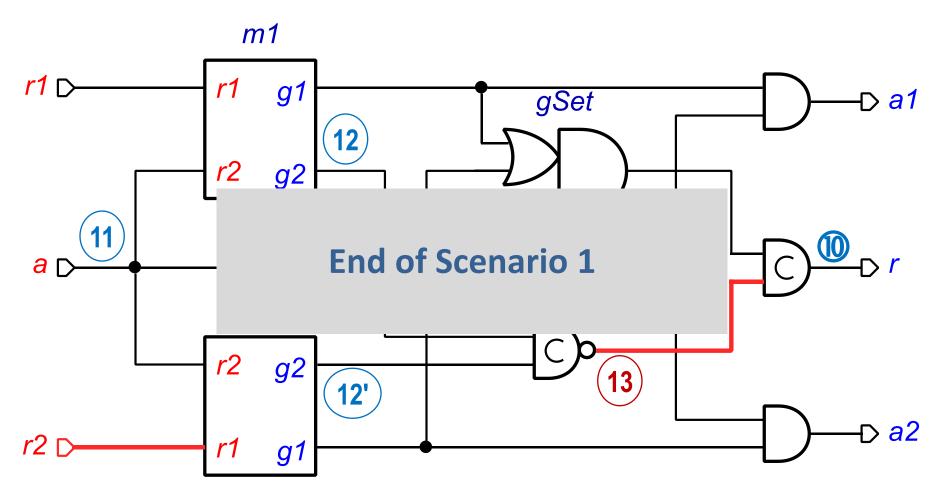


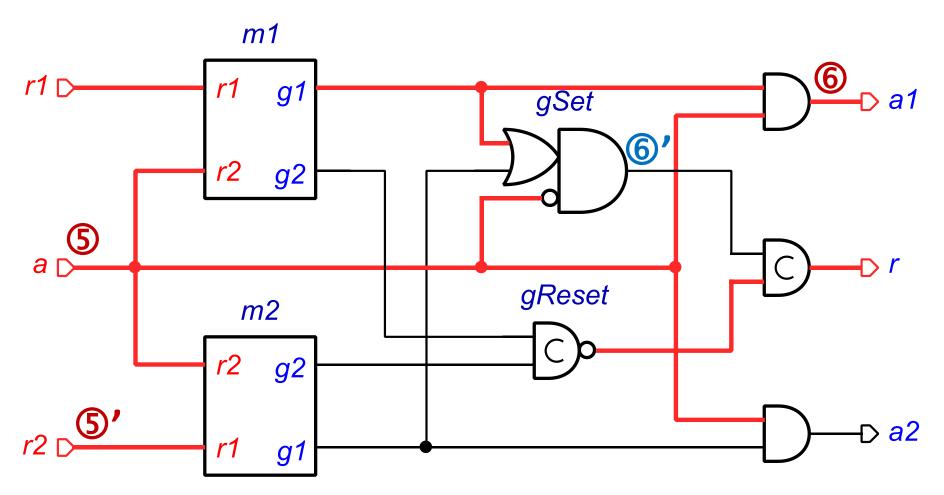




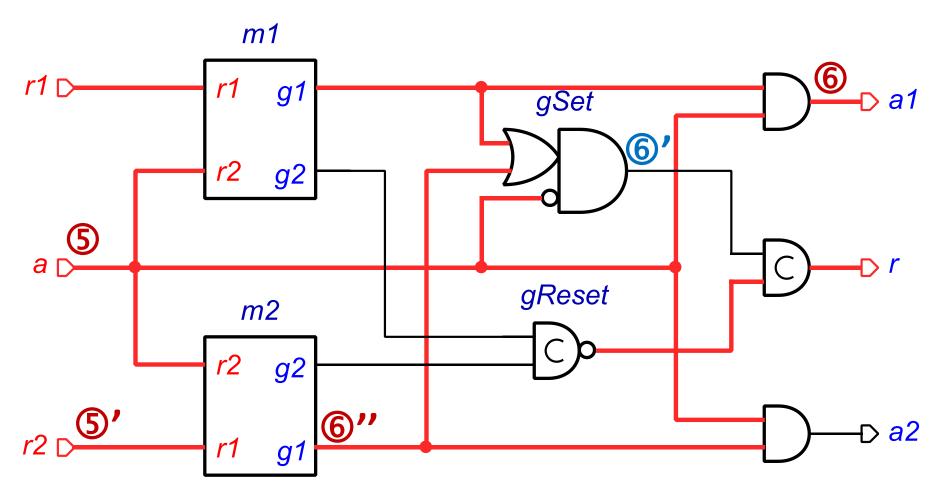




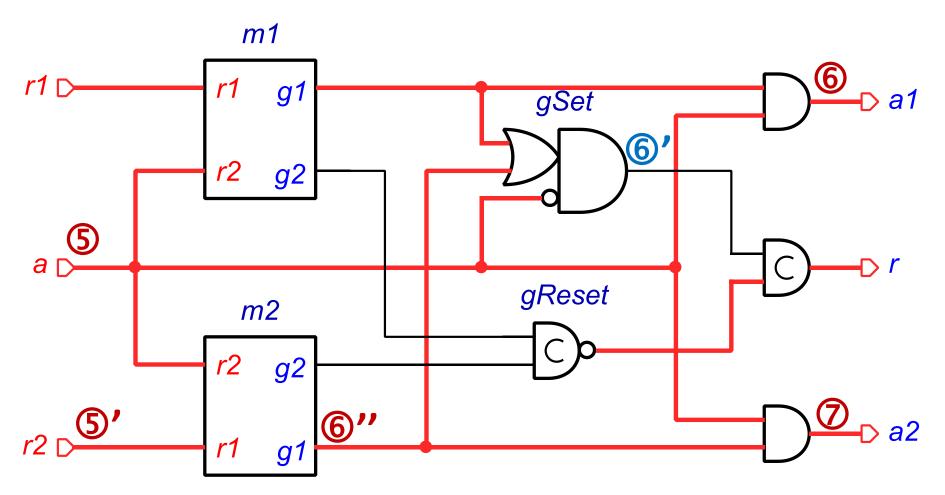




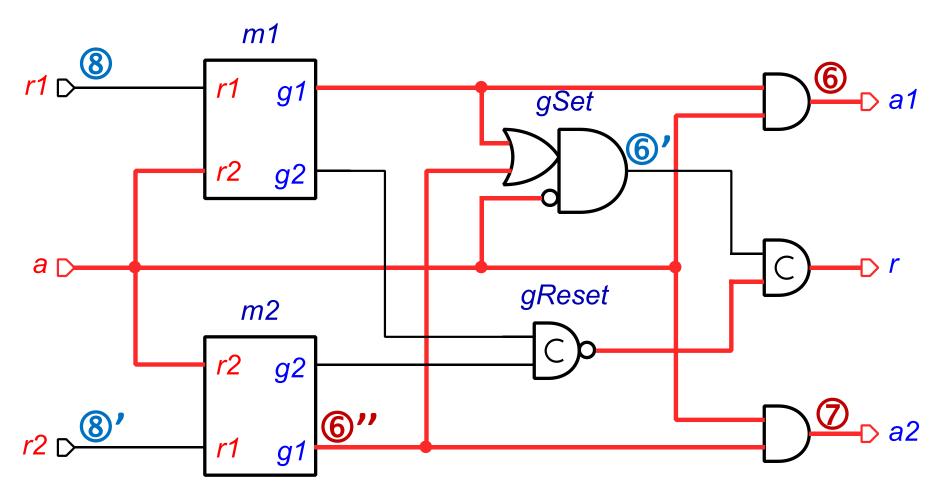
Scenario 2: request r2 wins the arbitration

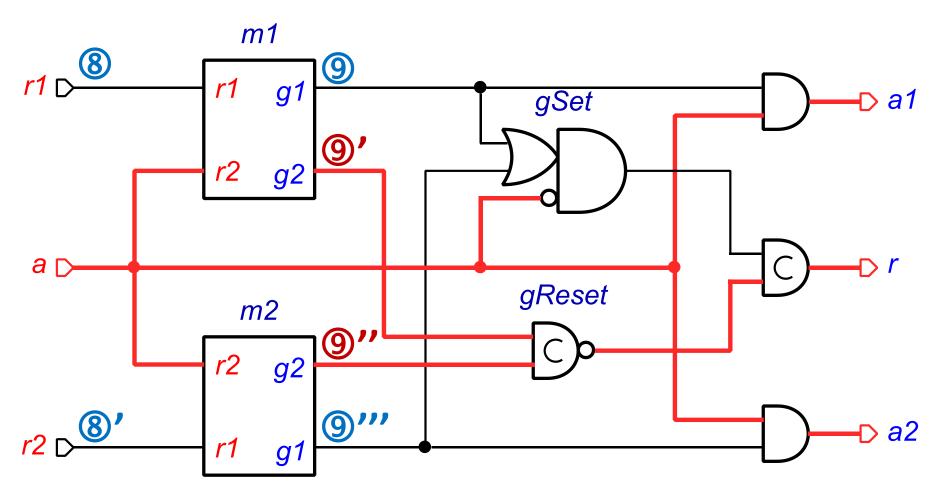


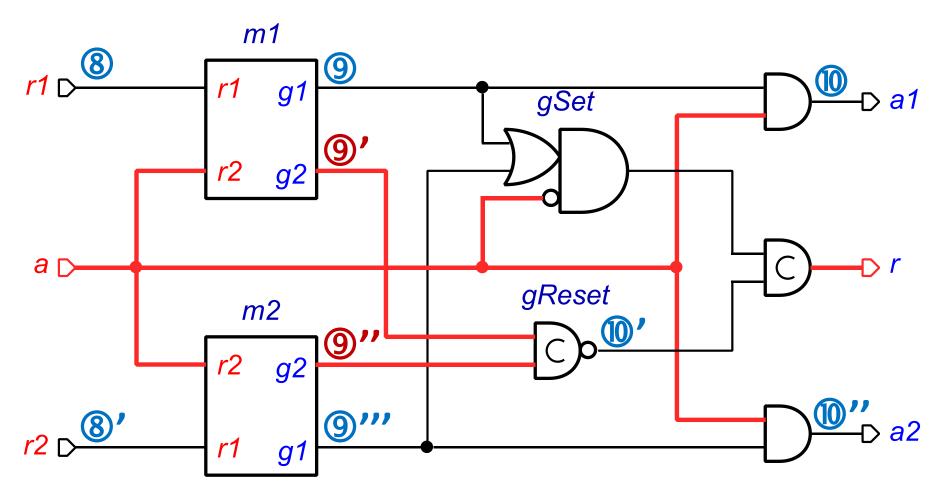
Scenario 2: request r2 wins the arbitration

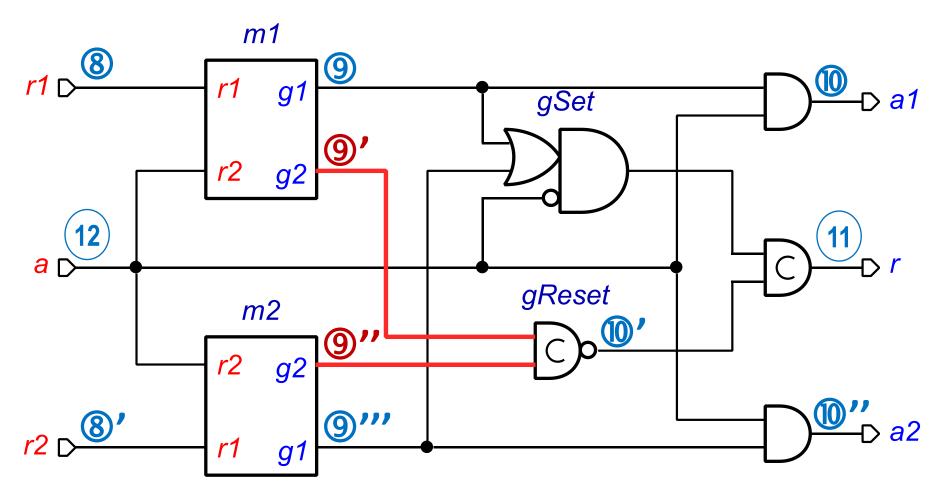


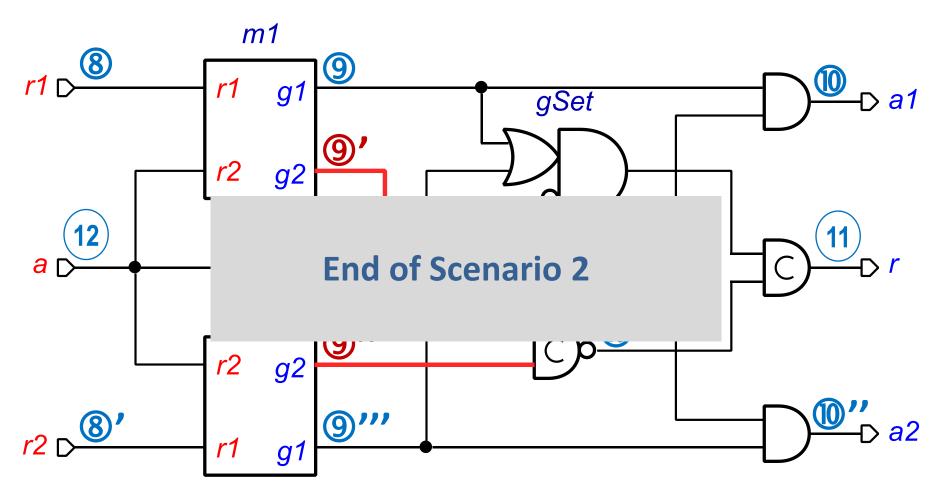
Scenario 2: request r2 wins the arbitration

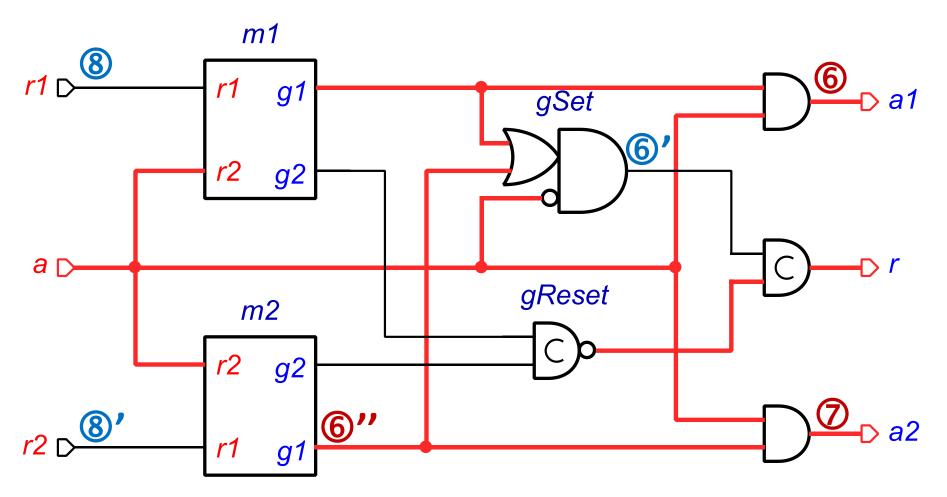


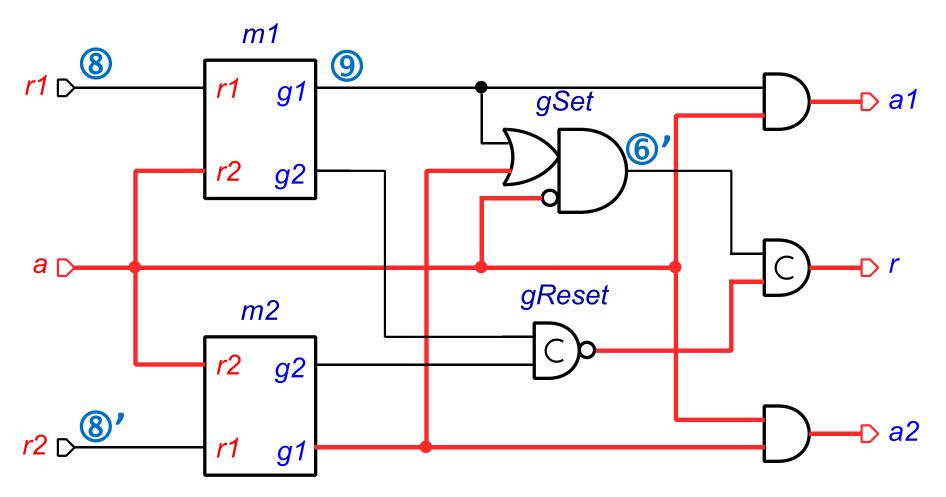


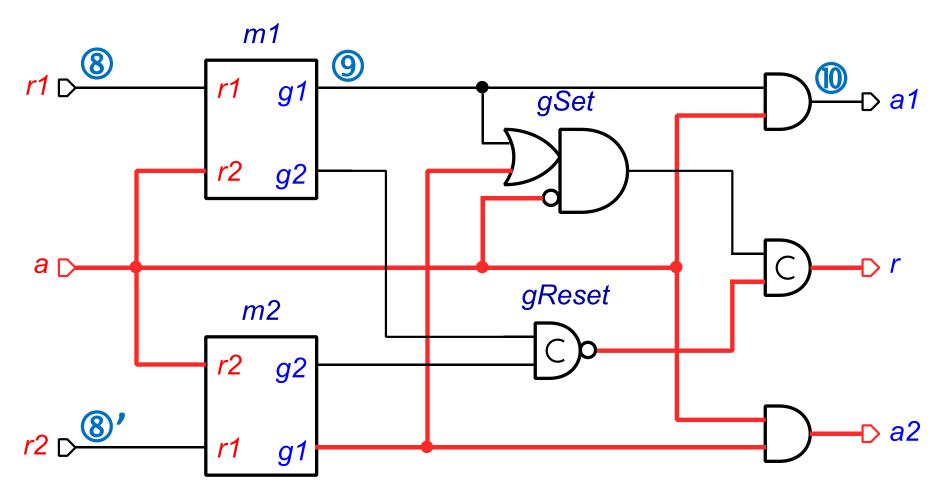


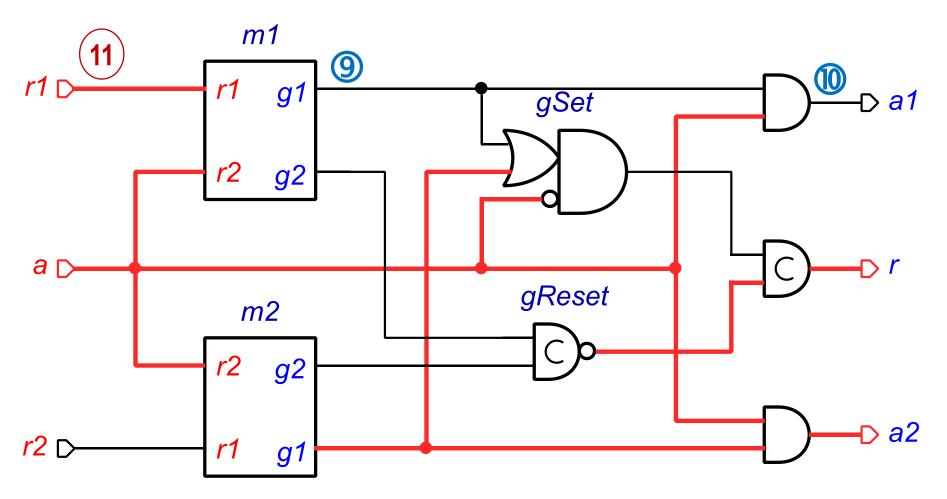


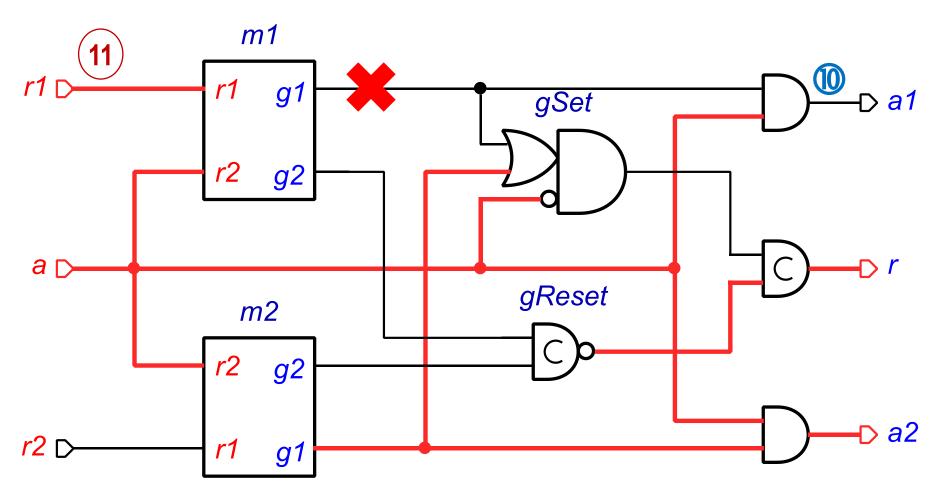






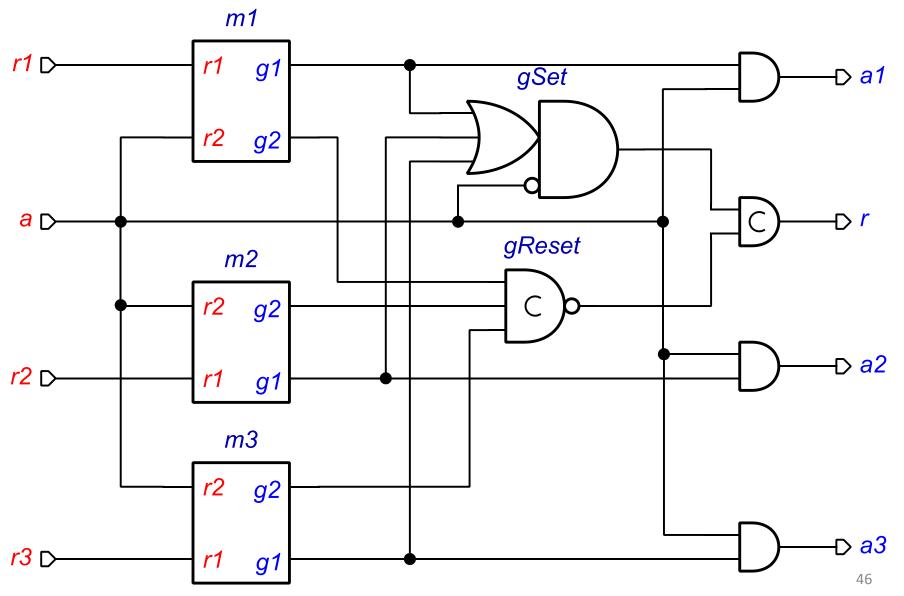




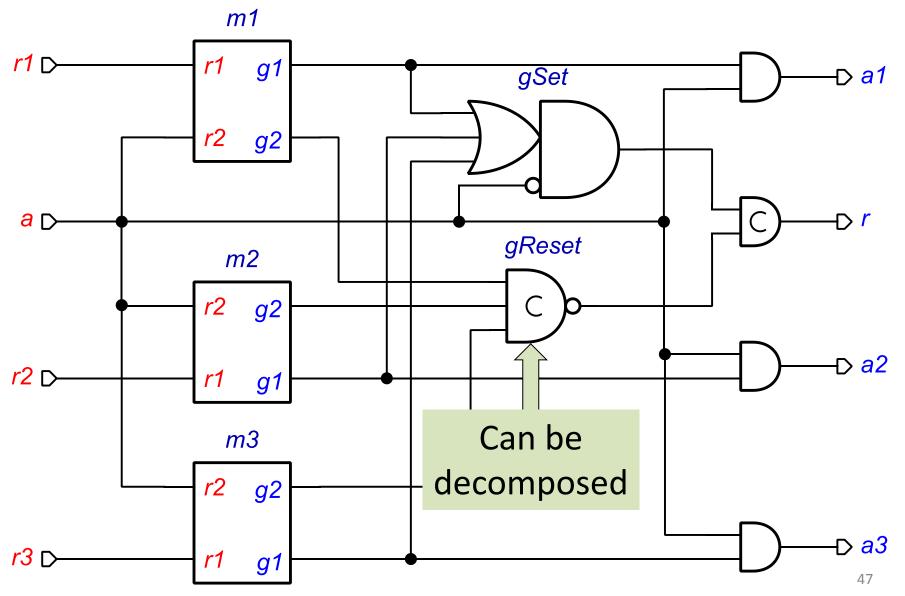


Fair mutexes do not permit sequential bundling

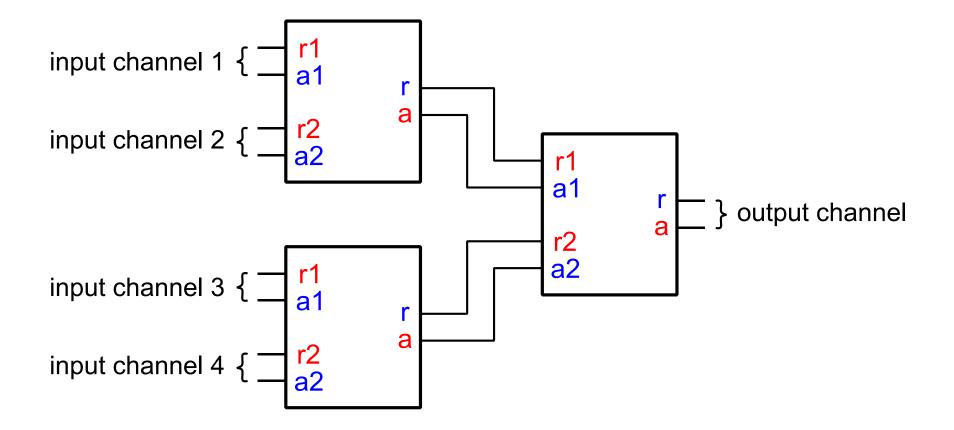
Scaling to more inputs



Scaling to more inputs



Scaling to more inputs



Conclusion

- New reusable asynchronous component surprisingly difficult for just 3 handshakes!
- Fast implementation no metastability on critical path
- Discovered fairness-based optimisation
- Scalable
- Formally verified using Workcraft and Versify
- To be integrated into a real multiphase buck
- Challenge for asynchronous community: *Design OM in a non-monolithic way* (how to design it without a miracle?)

Thank you!

Opportunistic bundling of questions is encouraged (fairness assumption on the session chair to prevent sequential bundling) ③