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# Cool Math for Hot Music

A First Introduction to Mathematics for Music Theorists



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ISSN 1868-0305 ISSN 1868-0313 (electronic)
Computational Music Science
ISBN 978-3-319-42935-9 ISBN 978-3-319-42937-3 (eBook)
DOI 10.1007/978-3-319-42937-3

Library of Congress Control Number: 2016956578

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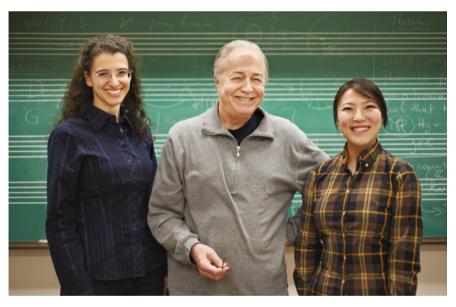
Printed on acid-free paper

This Springer imprint is published by Springer Nature
The registered company is Springer International Publishing AG
The registered company address is: Gewerbestrasse 11, 6330 Cham, Switzerland

All
enjoyment
is
musical,
consequently
mathematical.

(Novalis)

### Preface



**Fig. -1.1.** Maria Mannone, Guerino Mazzola, and Yan Pang. Photo and © 2015 by A.J. Wattamaniuk.

The idea for this book came from Yan Pang, a PhD student taking the course "Mathematics for Music Theorists" at the School of Music of the University of Minnesota. She was not in love with mathematics at all—bad experiences, bad teachers, the usual story. Fortunately, Maria Mannone, another PhD student taking that course who had studied theoretical physics, helped Yan get acquainted with mathematical rigor and beauty. Soon, Guerino Mazzola, the teacher, learned how to teach math using thorough musical motivation

and avoiding abstract nonsense in favor of concrete conceptual development of theory.

One day, Yan confessed that she had become enthusiastic about mathematics for music in theory and composition (using both composition software and classical score writing), and she suggested that Guerino should consider writing a textbook in this inspiring style. He thought about her idea and in fact recalled that there was no first introduction to mathematical music theory. Guerino's book Geometrie der Töne [73]—the most elementary among his music theory books—was written in German and not conceived in a style that would meet the criteria of a first introduction. Given the enthusiastic experiences with Maria and Yan, Guerino approached his publisher, Springer, with a proposal to write this book with the two co-authors for a maximal advantage from the students' perspective. Springer did not hesitate a single moment, and we could immediately delve into this important project.

Accordingly, this book is not intended to present a dry mathematical text about tools that may be used in music. Rather, we want to develop a discourse full of pleasure and fun that in every moment motivates concepts, methods, and results by their musical significance—a narrative that inspires you to create musical thoughts and actions. We want to offer a presentation abundant in images, scores, and compositional strategies and enriched by audio examples from music theory and composition so that you can not only view the concepts but also experience them. However, to be handed tools with no opportunity to use them can be frustrating. Therefore, we also describe our concepts, methods, and results to help you apply them to your own unfolding skills in musical creativity. The wonderful advantage of a mathematical concept framework is its universal applicability, and this also includes its social dimension. The outdated ideology of a lonely genius who finds new creations in the trance of drugs and existential borderline experience is replaced by a collaborative and relaxed environment of global communication. This can accommodate any direction of musical creativity in the world of digital media and augment its power to shape the future of the beautiful truth of music.

Of course, nobody is forced to accept our offer, and it is true: The payoff will not show up immediately. If you want to challenge yourself with this colorful book, you will be given a tool for creativity and discipline for your whole life. But if you prefer to enjoy an easy life without any challenge beyond flat consumption, we wish you all the best in your cage of nothingness. However, please consider this book in case you change your mind and come back to the challenge of true beauty.

Mathematical examples and exercises are headed by \( \subseteq Example, \subseteq Exercise, \) whereas musical examples and exercises are headed by \( Example, \) Exercise. The reference to mathematical examples or exercises is "Example, Exercise", the reference to musical examples or exercises is "Musical Example, Exercise". The exercises are intended to be challenges for the reader to solve a problem by applying the concepts and results that have been presented in the text. Solutions to the exercises have been provided, but the reader should not consult them without first having tried his or her own approach. For this reason, the solutions can be found at the end of the book, in Chapter 34. The numbers of the solutions match those of the corresponding mathematical or musical exercises.

Mathematical theorems and propositions always need to be proved. This is mandatory in science whenever we claim the truth of a statement. All mathematical results that are shown in this book in fact do have a proof, but it does not always serve our purposes in style and depth to include the proof in our text. Therefore, we include references to published text where proofs can be found. We also sometimes give a hint to a proof and leave it to the reader to fill in details as an exercise.

Original illustrations, both computer and hand-made drawings have been created by the authors.

The music examples in this book are available as MIDI, Sibelius, and MP3 files. They are all accessible via

www.encyclospace.org/special/MMBOOK.

So if you look of the file XX.mid, you define the address

www.encyclospace.org/special/MMBOOK/XX.mid.

As in the previous books of this Springer series on performance theory and musical creativity, Emily King has been an invaluable help in transforming our text to a valid English prose; thank you so much for your patience with non-native English. We are pleased to acknowledge the strong support for writing such a demanding treatise by Springer's science editor Ronan Nugent.

Minneapolis, September 2015 Guerino Mazzola, Maria Mannone, Yan Pang

## Contents

Pa	rt I I	introduction and Short History	
1	The	'Counterpoint' of Mathematics and Music	1
	1.1	The Idea of a Contrapuntal Interaction	1
	1.2	Formulas and Gestures	2
	1.3	Mathematics and Technology for Music	2
	1.4	Musical Creativity with Mathematics	3
<b>2</b>	Sho	rt History of the Relationship Between Mathematics	
	and	Music	5
	2.1	Pythagoras	5
	2.2	Artes Liberales	7
	2.3	Zarlino	8
	2.4	Zaiyu Zhu	8
	2.5	Mathematics in Counterpoint	10
		2.5.1 An Example for Music Theorists	11
	2.6	Athanasius Kircher	14
	2.7	Leonhard Euler	17
	2.8	Joseph Fourier	19
	2.9	Hermann von Helmholtz	20
	2.10	Wolfgang Graeser	21
	2.11	Iannis Xenakis	23
	2.12	Pierre Boulez and the IRCAM	24
	2.13	American Set Theory	25
		2.13.1 Genealogy	25
		2.13.2 Comments	28
	2.14	David Lewin	29
	2.15	Guerino Mazzola and the IFM	30
		2.15.1 Preparatory Work:	
		First Steps in Darmstadt and Zürich (1985-1992)	30

	~
X11	Contents
AII	Comemo

	<ul> <li>2.15.2 The IFM Association:     The Period Preceding the General Proliferation of the Internet (1992-1999)</li></ul>	
	2.15.4 Dissolution of the IFM Association (2004)	32
Par	rt II Sets and Functions	
3	The Architecture of Sets  3.1 Some Preliminaries in Logic  3.2 Pure Sets  3.2.1 Boolean Algebra  3.2.2 Xenakis' Herma	37 38 45
4	Functions and Relations 4.1 Ordered Pairs and Graphs 4.2 Functions. 4.2.1 Equipollence 4.3 Relations	49 52 56
5	Universal Properties 5.1 Final and Initial Sets 5.2 The Cartesian Product 5.3 The Coproduct 5.4 Exponentials 5.5 Subobject Classifier 5.6 Cartesian Product of a Family of Sets	61 62 63 64 64
Par	rt III Numbers	
6	Natural Numbers  6.1 Ordinal Numbers  6.2 Natural Numbers  6.3 Finite Sets	72 73
7	Recursion	77
8	Natural Arithmetic	83
9	Euclid and Normal Forms 9.1 The Infinity of Prime Numbers	

	Contents xiii
10	Integers         89           10.1 Arithmetic of Integers         90
11	Rationals       93         11.1 Arithmetic of Rationals       96
<b>12</b>	Real Numbers
13	Roots, Logarithms, and Normal Forms10713.1 Roots, and Logarithms10713.2 Adic Representations111
14	Complex Numbers
— Pai	et IV Graphs and Nerves
15 16	Directed and Undirected Graphs       121         15.1 Directed Graphs       122         15.2 Undirected Graphs       124         15.3 Cycles       126         Nerves       129         16.1 A Nervous Sonata Construction       133         16.1.1 Infinity of Nervous Interpretations       136
	16.1.2 Nerves and Musical Complexity
Pai	rt V Monoids and Groups
17	Monoids
18	Groups
19	Group Actions, Subgroups, Quotients, and Products       151         19.1 Actions       152         19.2 Subgroups and Quotients       154         19.2.1 Classification of Chords of Pitch Classes       157         19.3 Products       158
20	Permutation Groups16320.1 Two Composition Methods Using Permutations16620.1.1 Mozart's Musical Dice Game16620.1.2 Mannone's Cubharmonic167

	~
XIV	Contents
AIV	Conferio

21	The Third Torus and Counterpoint	
	21.1 The Third Torus	
	21.1.1 Geometry on $T_{3\times4}$	
	21.2 Music Theory	
	21.2.1 Chord Classification	
	21.2.2 Key Signatures	
	21.2.3 Counterpoint	)
<b>22</b>	Coltrane's Giant Steps	
	22.1 The Analysis	
	22.2 The Composition	)
23	Modulation Theory	L
	23.1 The Concept of a Tonal Modulation	2
	23.2 The Modulation Theorem	7
	23.3 Nerves for Modulation	3
	23.4 Modulations in Beethoven's op. 106	)
	23.5 Quanta and Fundamental Degrees	Ĺ
		_
Pai	t VI Rings and Modules	_
24	Rings and Fields	ó
	24.1 Monoid Algebras and Polynomials	
	24.2 Fields	
<b>25</b>	Primes	)
20	1 Times	)
<b>26</b>	Matrices	
	26.1 Generalities on Matrices	3
	26.2 Determinants	2
	26.3 Linear Equations	3
27	Modules	5
	27.1 Affine Homomorphisms	
	27.2 Free Modules and Vector Spaces	
	27.3 Sonification and Visualization in Modules	
	27.3.1 Creative Ideas from Math:	
	A Mapping Between Images and Sounds	5
28	Just Tuning	1
<b>_</b> 0	28.1 Major and Minor Scales: Zarlino's Versus Hindemith's	_
	Explanation	?
	28.2 Comparisons between Pythagorean, Just, and 12-tempered	,
	Tuning	5
	28.3 Chinese Tuning Theory	
	· ·	

	Contents	xv
	28.3.1 The Original System	
29	Categories	
Pa	rt VII Continuity and Calculus	
30	Continuity	260
31	Differentiability	263
32	Performance 32.1 Mathematical and Musical Precision 32.2 Musical Notation for Performance 32.3 Structure Theory of Performance 32.4 Expressive Performance	268 268 270
33	Gestures  33.1 Western Notation and Gestures  33.2 Chinese Gestural Music Notation  33.3 Some Remarks on Gestural Performance  33.4 Philosophy of Gestures  33.5 Mathematical Theory of Gestures in Music  33.6 Hypergestures  33.7 Hypergestures in Complex Time	273 275 276 279 281 283
Pa	rt VIII Solutions, References, Index	
34	Solutions of Exercises	289
Re	ferences	297
Inc	lex	303