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Knowledge Discovery in Inductive Databases

5th International Workshop, KDID 2006 Berlin, Germany, September 18, 2006 Revised Selected and Invited Papers



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Preface

The 5th International Workshop on Knowledge Discovery in Inductive Databases (KDID 2006) was held on September 18, 2006 in Berlin, Germany, in conjunction with ECML/PKDD 2006: The 17th European Conference on Machine Learning (ECML) and the 10th European Conference on Principles and Practice of Knowledge Discovery in Databases (PKDD).

Inductive databases (IDBs) represent a database view on data mining and knowledge discovery. IDBs contain not only data, but also generalizations (patterns and models) valid in the data. In an IDB, ordinary queries can be used to access and manipulate data, while inductive queries can be used to generate (mine), manipulate, and apply patterns. In the IDB framework, patterns become "first-class citizens", and KDD becomes an extended querying process in which both the data and the patterns/models that hold in the data are queried.

The IDB framework is appealing as a general framework for data mining, because it employs declarative queries instead of ad-hoc procedural constructs. As declarative queries are often formulated using constraints, inductive querying is closely related to constraint-based data mining. The IDB framework is also appealing for data mining applications, as it supports the entire KDD process, i.e., nontrivial multi-step KDD scenarios, rather than just individual data mining operations. The goal of the workshop was to bring together database and data mining researchers interested in the areas of inductive databases, inductive queries, constraint-based data mining, and data mining query languages.

This workshop followed the previous four successful KDID workshops organized in conjunction with ECML/PKDD: KDID 2002 held in Helsinki, Finland, KDID 2003 held in Cavtat-Dubrovnik, Croatia, KDID 2004 held in Pisa, Italy, and KDID 2005 held in Porto, Portugal. Its scientific program included nine regular presentations and two short ones, as well as an invited talk by Kiri L. Wagstaff (Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, USA). This volume bundles all papers presented at the workshop and, in addition, includes three contributions that cover relevant research presented at other venues. We also include an article by one of the editors (SD) that attempts to unify existing research in the area and outline directions for further research towards a general framework for data mining.

We wish to thank the invited speaker, all the authors of submitted papers, the program committee members and additional reviewers, and the ECML/PKDD organization committee. KDID 2006 was supported by the European project IQ ("Inductive Queries for Mining Patterns and Models", IST FET FP6-516169).

July 2007 Sašo Džeroski Jan Struyf

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